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THE SCHOOLMASTER'S SONG.

A PARODY ON HOOD'S SONG OF THE SHIRT.

With talking weary and worn,
With eyelids heavy and red,
A schoolmaster sat in his threadbare coat,
Plying his tongue and head.
Teach! teach! teach!
'Mid poverty, censure and wrong,
And still, with a voice of dolorous pitch,
He sang "The Schoolmaster's Song."

Teach—teach—teach!
While the cock is crowing aloof;
And teach—teach—teach!
Till the stars shine through the roof.
It's oh, to be a slave—
To be quarterd and roasted as pork,
In Africa's centre, at a "Feast of the Brave,"
If this is Christian work!

Teach—teach—teach!
Till the brain begins to swim;
Teach—teach—teach!
Till the eyes are heavy and dim,
Writing, and spelling, and reading,
And reading, and spelling, and writing;
Till over their noddles I fall asleep,
And dreaming still hear them reciting.

Oh, patrons with horses dear!
Oh, men who love your wives,
It is not broadcloth you're wearing out,
But human creatures' lives!
Teach—teach—teach.
Without cash or negotiable note,
Earning at once, in a double reward,
A shroud as well as a coat.

But why do I talk of death,
That phantom of grizzly bone?
I hardly fear this terrible shape,
It seems so like my own.
It seems so like my own
Because of the school I keep—
O God, that bread should be so dear,
And brains should be so cheap!

Teach—teach—teach!
My labor never flags:
And what are its wages? A haggard face—
Disease, and a coat in rags—
Dishonor and honor, a kick and a puff,
Ingratitude's horrible stare;
And despair so blank, my tears I thank,
For sometimes falling there!

Teach—teach—teach,
From weary chime to chime;
Teach—teach—teach,
As prisoners work for crime.
Spelling, and writing, and reading,
And reading, and writing, and spelling,
Till the heart is sick, and the brain benumbed
As well as the tongue in telling.

Teach—teach—teach,
In the dull December light;
Teach—teach—teach,
When the weather is warm and bright,
When the farmer and trader are moving
About, like the birds of the air,
And the doctor goes flying along,
In his magical swift-rolling chair.

Oh! but to sell the silks
Of the merchant, with smiling face,
To plead the cause of the rich,
And pocket the fee for the case.
To be honored for houses and lands,
To marry a fortune and wife;
To "laugh and grow fat" like a priest,
And take a new lease upon life.

Oh, but for one short hour!
A respite beyond the reach
Of the curses of fathers and mothers,
Whose darlings I honored with beech!
Whose sons would all have been gov'nors,
Whose daughters would all have been queens,
But for weeks, months and years of my labor,
Unceasingly spent on their teens.

With talking weary and worn,
With eyelids heavy and red,
A schoolmaster sat in his threadbare coat,
Like a tombstone over the dead,
Teach—teach—teach.
'Mid poverty, censure and wrong,
And still with a voice of dolorous pitch,
Would that it's tone could reach the rich,
He sang "The Schoolmaster's Song."

A SHAVING INSTITUTION.—A few days since a traveller stepped into a bank, and immediately pulled off his hat, coat and cravat. This done, he cast a look at the cashier, who was seated in a corner, "calm as a May morning," and with a commanding shake of the head, said:

"Hadn't you better be getting that hot water!"

The teller informed him that he was in the wrong shop. "You are in a bank, sir, and not in a barber shop."

"Bank, whew!" ejaculated the astonished stranger. "Blame it, they told me it was a place where they shaved people."

Miscellaneous.

FOR THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

KIND WORDS.

When God made man, He endowed him with every requisite for happiness. He gave him light, love and peace. And what God made our first parents *heir to*, in Paradise, has been transmitted unto us. Although by sin we have become children of sorrow; still we possess, in an eminent degree, qualities of soul, calculated to make us happy, and not ourselves only, but also our fellow men.

Now, to promote the happiness of our fellowmen it is not required, that we deprive ourselves of any enjoyment. We need not lavish upon the sorrowing poor or distressed pilgrim, stores of silver and gold to alleviates his sufferings—nor need we lay aside the mantle of happinessfor the cloak of gloom, to heal the wounded spirit, or dispel the ominous shades of sorrow which hang in melancholy silence around the heart of some poor desponding brother. No! more simple, by far, is the antidote for sorrow—the balm for distress—*kind words* furnish every requisite. They will accomplish what gold fails to do and there are none so poor that they have them not.

What an influence do they wield! How potent, how mighty! kind words spoken to the erring will reclaims him—snatch him from the hand of the strong despoiler—cause him to foresake his evil habits of thought and life—and drive him from the flowery paths of ease, and indulgence that have lead him away from truth, and whose dazzling allurements have caused his mind to err, have contaminated, his heart, and made his feet sink to follow after evil.

Kind words addressed to one suffering the excruciating pains of disease, will alleviate his sufferings and lighten the burden of his affliction,—kind words spoken to the poor, will sweeten the cup of their privation—will light up their almost destitute hovel with the sunlight of happiness, and throw a beam of contentment over their rugged pathway of life.

They will encourage the child plodding his "weary way" up through difficulties, and opposed by almost insurmountable barriers, and those weighed down with care, they will cheer and those troubled, distressed, burdened with the galling yoke of bereavements, they will comfort.

It matters not what be the distress of mind and sorrow of soul, the suffering mortal is called to endure, kind word will soothe and mitigate them, and enable the sufferer to bear up manfully against the ills of life—and resignedly submit to the afflicting and inscrutable dispensations of Him, who rules in righteousness, the affairs of His people. Sweet, then, is the mission of kind words! Gentle as the dew that descended from Mount Zion, and watered the "whole face of the ground," they fall in the wounded heart, moisten its grief tortured avenues, and cause to spring up the life infused germs of peace and joy! Nor do they cost anything. Why, then, not let them fall by the wayside to cheer, comfort, and bless, those who are bowed down under heavy burdens? Why not whisper them in the ears of the sons of want and calm, by their magic spell, the sayings of their bleeding, sorrowing hearts? Why withhold from any suffering son of humanity, a boon so precious, so divine, when its bestowal costs us no self denial whatever? Restrain them not. Let them flow from the fountain of a pure and sympathetic heart. In this imitate the blessed *Saviour*. He had a kind word for all. They shall not be spoken in vain. No, many a sorrowing heart, has been comforted by their healing balm, and cheered by the sweet relief which they have administered. And, oh! how true, that

"Kind words will never die;
Never die—no never die!"

They not only cheer, comfort and bless us but, they live forever. "Deep in the breast they lie, cherished and blest." And what can drive them from their sacred lodgment, in a grateful heart? They lie too deep for the unrelenting hand of *time* to erase; their remembrance awakened in the thankful soul, is too kind and lasting, to be washed out by the waters of oblivion. Aye! forever while life remains, they will linger with silvery sweetness, on the ear and sound a thrill of gladness through the heart of him whom they have comforted.

But whilst they cheer the disponding, comfort the destressed, reclaim the erring, and encourage the young, they are a source of the greatest pleasure to him who speaks them.—Who does not feel a thousand times compensated, if by any act of his, he has in any way, benefitted his fellow man? Duty bids us use them. And from the sacred truths of the blessed Bible there comes a voice of duty, pleading in tones of ineffable love. "Be, kindly affectionate, one to another. Comfort the bowed down, and bind up the broken hearted."

But the sweetest truth of all is, they will not lose their reward. In proportion, as they have contributed to promote the happiness and enhance the welfare of a poor, forlorn, heartsick brother, they will be rewarded by Him who hath said, Even a cup of cold water given in my name shall not lose its reward.

Penn'a College, DUNCAN.

MAMMOTH HOG.—The Virginia South Legion notices a mammoth Chester hog, butchered by Martin F. Milley of that vicinity. He weighed net eight hundred and fourteen pounds and three quarters of a pound! We consider Virginia ahead on hogs. If any of our readers know anything to beat or even come near to this, and sends us an authentic account, we will publish it with due credit. The Virginia newspaper consders this hog "as heavy as two common beeves, and more valuable"—which may do for Virginia, but won't apply to New York, Ohio, Kentucky or Illinois, or Pennsylvania.

ABOUT EGGS.

All the world and his cosmopolitan wife and family like new laid eggs. Nor do we deprecate their taste; on the contrary, we share it. The relish of eggs is honorable, and to prefer them fresh evinces a due appreciation of the "fitness of things." Tradition runneth not back to the time when eggs, in this condition, were of evil repute, although the use of the stale variety as a missile has never been popular with the recipients. Probably the antediluvians were fond of eggs, for we are given to understand that they feasted high, and what would a banquet be without "the fruit of the hen?"—The Patriarch of the Deluge, and his wife, sons, and daughters-in-law, doubtless had omelettes for their breakfast occasionally during their providential cruise.

That the Egyptians were fond of eggs is beyond peradventure, for one of our archæologists brought home with him from Egypt some dozens, which had been at least 3000 years in the catacombs, having been placed there for the accommodation of the mummies, in case they should wake up and feel peckish. These eggs, cackled over by the hens that flourished in the time of the early Pharaohs—laid, probably, before the children of Israel returned from their exodus by the way of the Red Sea—we have seen, and many of them are as perfect externally as if they had been bought in market yesterday; but although Egyptian wheat of the same date is said to have germinated and reproduced itself, we are not aware that any of the eggs of that ilk have been set upon and hatched.

To leave the ancient heathens and be practical—this is the season when well disposed hens are expected to commence their oviparous operations. Our country friends are either expecting or already receiving these delightful tributes of affection from their feathered dependants. Perhaps we may be able to put them in the way of "hurrying up" the dilatory Dame Partlets. Hens cannot lay unless they can have access to material wherewith to manufacture the white shells in which the golden globes and the albumen in which they are suspended, are enclosed. That material is carbonate of lime. A certain quantity of chalk or lime should therefore be scattered with their food, or old egg shells will do. Professor Gregory, of Aberdeen, in a letter addressed to a friend, and published in an English newspaper, says:—"As I suppose you keep poultry, I may tell you that it has been ascertained that if you mix with their food a sufficient quantity of chopped egg shells or chalk, which they eat greedily, they will lay, other things being equal, twice or thrice as many eggs as before."

WHO ARE ABOLITIONISTS.

The late vote in the House of Representatives at Washington, upon the Corwin amendment to the Constitution, shows conclusively who, of that body, are Abolitionists:

JOINT RESOLUTION TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

Be it resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both Houses concurring, that the following article be proposed to the Legislatures of the several States as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which, when ratified by three-fourths of said Legislatures, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the said Constitution, viz:

ARTICLE XII.—"That no amendment shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give Congress power to abolish or interfere within any State with the domestic institutions therein, including that of persons held to labor or servitude by the laws of said State."

The above was the joint resolution voted upon; which is a proposition so fair and just, as well as necessary to restore peace to the country, that we cannot see how any reasonable and honest-minded man could oppose it. We have the right to charge those who voted against it with being Abolitionists in the true sense of the word, and in favor of Congress abolishing slavery in the Southern States. We did not believe that sixty-five members of that body would dare place themselves upon this revolutionary platform, and outrage the opinion and patriotism of the country. Here are their names—let them be remembered:

NAYS.—Messrs. Allen, Ashley, Beale, Bingham, Blair, Blake, Brayton, Buffinton, Burlingame, Burnham, Carey, Carter, Case, Coburn, Conkling, Dawes, Fenton, Ferry, Foster, Frank, Gooch, GROW, Gurley, HICKMAN, Hindman, Hutchins, Irvine, Kellogg, of Michigan, Leach, of Michigan, Lee, Longnecker, Loomis, Lovejoy, Marston, McKean, Pettit, Potter, Pottl, Edwin R. Reynolds, Royce, Sedgwick, Somes, Spinner, STEVENS, STEWART, of Penn'a., Tappan, Tompkins, Train, Vandever, VanWyck, Wade, Waldron, Walton, Washburn, of Wisconsin, Washburn, of Illinois, Wells, Wilson and Woodruff—65.

They are about the same who voted for Blake's abolition resolution last winter. Among those who opposed the Corwin amendment, we regret to find Mr. Blair, the Republican member from this district. We do not believe he represents the sentiments of his party, for we have already heard indignation expressed among his own political friends at his vote. He has listened to the no-compromise, radical teaching of the *Tribune*, and thus been precipitated into the black gulf of Abolitionism.—*Huntingdon Globe.*

☞There is a fellow in Vermont who has a bugle, the notes of which are so sweet, that when he plays the whole neighborhood catches them to use instead of sugar.

☞We heard a man remark the other day that a fool's brains all lay in his stomach.

☞You can't rail sin and ignorance out of the world, but it is easy enough to *rail* cattle out of a field.

THE ASTONISHED MEDDLER.

What is more intolerable than an officious intermeddler with other people's affairs? One of the most busy of the tribe was travelling in the cars not long ago, and exercising his talents in a manner at once amusing and mischievous.

"Hallo!" cries Mr. Meddler, to a decrepit old gentleman, just as the train was leaving a way station, "wake up and step lively! This is the place where you want to get out."

The old man had barely time to put his tottering legs on the platform of the depot, when the train was again in motion.

"Good gracious!" exclaimed Mr. Meddler, on returning to his seat, which was next the one which the old gentleman had occupied—"Good gracious! the old fellow has gone and left his carpet bag!" So he kindly threw it out of the window.

Half an hour later a young man came in from another car and enquired for a missing carpet bag.

"It was on this seat," said the stranger, pointing to the spot where the old gentleman had been sitting.

"Good gracious!" again cried Mr. Meddler, "why, I thought that carpet bag belonged to the old fellow who got out a while ago, and so I threw it out of the window after him, 'cause I 'sposed he'd forgot it!"

"The deuce you did!" said the stranger, with a scowl, "and how came the old man to leave the train?"

"Why," said Mr. Meddler, "I thought I heard him say he was going to Middleport, so when we came to the depot I told him he was there, and had better get out. That's how it was."

"You had better have minded your own business," said the young man rather sharply; "that old gentleman was going to Middlebury to see a dying son, who will now be dead and buried, probably, before his father can get there. That's one of the results of your officious intermeddling with things that don't concern you. And that carpet bag is my carpet bag, and has got my wedding suit in it. I was to have been married to night, if it hadn't been for you.—You've damaged a funeral and spoiled a wedding with your d—d nonsense!" And so he had, sure enough.

THE EMPRESS EUGENIE'S RIVAL.

The London correspondent of the New Orleans *Delta* gives the history of a certain countess from Italy, who is initialed C., and who has caused heart burnings to Eugenie. She is a countess "as much as my mother," as the fat Peer of Spain had it—being the daughter of a very worthy cobbler of Milan, who "waxed" luxurious (vinous) and spiteful, and drove his daughter to seek the protection of her "uncle" a priest of Ancona, and here the young lady developed in her charms, and became that rare and beauteous thing, an Italian blonde.—Not the downright red hair of the Highland lassie, nor the freckled skin of fairness with which it mates in the North; but a golden, glossy tress, that descended—in luxuriance which would rival Macassar's best growth—to the knees, and a fairness that was alabaster, with running under currents of many streams of blood red.

She was too fair to be unnoticed. She ran off with a sailor to Sicily, and was—not married—but her sailor was, and a *mauvits sujet*, and when she asked about marriage he laughed in her face, till it grew as auburn as her hair; and she tried in her distraction the other service, with an advance—a major of the Metropolitan guard; and she was married to him, ay, and she loved him, and was faithful. But death tripped up the major, and made her a widow—a widow bathed in tears—and in the guise of distress, to which pecuniary embarrassment added a double incentive to grief, a real, live Italian Baron had the good fortune to see and relieve her, and, better fortune still, at the end of three months, to marry the lady. Here the reader may, perhaps, be a second time disappointed. She was faithful, but the husband died. Now, there is a superstition about taking a widow for a third time in Italy, although the Anglo Saxon race would try the one-down-the-other-come-on principle till the score was a dozen.

The lady found herself beautiful still, with a few hundred francs per annum and a *soi disant* countess, and she resolved to see the world, and enjoy the world. The rather jealous Italian husband did not let her go ahead very fast; and though she was a little renowned as the fair Italian, she had not been able to work the capital to any great extent. In Vienna she lived in the best society, and no particular account of her killing capabilities was heard of there. They do not care much for sentimental beauty in Austria, and are matter of fact in love as they are in their social intercourse, even lately in politics.

From Vienna we trace her to Baden, where she played the prude, and got European renown at once by the old recipe, the duello.—A red faced Prussian and a smart petit maitre of a Frenchman quarrelled for the honor of her smiles, thinking each of them—deluded men that they were—that they were going to make husband number three.

The Prussian, with a *gaucherie* truly national gave the Frenchman a rattling slap on the head, and coffee and pistols for the two next morning was the inevitable consequence, and the little Frenchman being the inevitable was also the flight of the *soi disant* countess; but with a confiding appreciation of the character of the Frenchman, she did not, like others might have done, shun the soil of France, but made straightway for its capital, whither fame, in the shape of a feuilleton, or courier, from Baden Baden, the columns of the *Fizaro* or *Chronique* had preceded her, and the ball the Frenchman received in the poitrine brought her an impouring of cards from the grand world for a whole course of balls.

The lady was nothing, loth and appeared in all her blonde charms; that is, the hair of gold streaming down to her waist in luxuriant ringlets, quite a mode unknown to the Parasian dames, and setting them all at their wits ends to follow fashion.

One lady succeeded, and cajoled the heart of a gentleman by the means of her fair looks; but the wife, in overflowing spite and revenge, watched the moment when *la belle* was waltzing with her husband, close locked, and hooked on to the floating tresses, giving a tug enough to lift the Great Eastern's anchor, when pop, off came the "superabundant," and the lady lay fainting, in her mortification—so the Italian Countess was left the mistress of the field, seeking no conquests, apparently, but making them by shoals of "lions" at a time; such is the perversity of mankind. But she was cold in her latter days, and had changed her beauty for Wendham Lake ice—till, oh, what will not ambition do at a certain age in woman!

The greatest in the land of France came, saw, and was conquered, and the fair Empress had to yield to a fairer she, but here the piquant history closes, and whether the lady yielded as quickly as the Emperor, history sayeth not.—As a true defender of beauty, and a man of the world, I say she did not. But, for all that, we have the Empress of the French among us, in high dudgeon, and she sings she won't go home, till Christmas—till t'others gone away.

A LEARNED JUDGE.

One of the first mummies brought into Europe from the East gave rise to a most dramatic adventure. About a hundred years ago, during the reign of his immaculate majesty Louis XV. of France, an antiquary returned from Grand Cairo, brought a mummy with him, presumed to be at least three thousand six hundred years old. Our savant, tired of the diligences in which he had been traveling from Marsailles, took a barge at Fontainbleau, which landed him safe and sound at Port St. Bernard. Eager to see his family, he had his effects loaded on a litter, but left his precious mummy in the bottom of boat. The custom house officer, on boarding it discovered a box of a strange shape and aspect. Suspecting it to contain contraband goods, he had it opened. What a spectacle! A woman swathed in linen bandages from head to foot! No doubt this was a wretched victim strangled by a jealous lover or a grasping heir. The commissary of police was instantly sent for, and made his appearance, flanked by two surgeons as skilful as himself in archæology. The crime was recognized, a report made of it, and the body transported to the Morgue, that the friends might come and identify it. It is presumed that none of them made their appearance. Our learned traveler, however, in taking an inventory of his effects the next day, bethought himself of his greatest curiosity. He flew to the boat, when the learned commissary and three minions of the law seized him and dragged him before the magistrate.

Aha! my fine fellow, cried the judge, we've got you.

Will your honor favor me with the reason of this extraordinary proceeding?

It remains for you, sir, to explain the circumstances of the murder, you have committed.

Murder?

That is the word, sir.

The murder that I have committed! cried the savant, aghast.

Or at least the crime in which you were an accomplice.

Good heavens! Your worship is dreaming.

Ah! I'm dreaming, am I? No sir; you will find me awake, to your cost. The eye of justice never closes. Did not my vigilant officer discover the body of your victim; strangled and shut up in a box? Here's the report of the discovery, duly sealed, signed and attested.

Is that all? said the antiquary with a hearty laugh.

Hardened ruffian! cried the judge. Do you indulge levity with the shadow of a crime so black hanging over your head? Now sir, look me in the face, and answer the questions I shall put. By whom was the young girl placed in the box in which she was discovered?

By myself sir.

Mr. Clerk, please take down his confession, said the magistrate. Who swathed her with linen bandages from head to foot?

I did your honor.

Write down Mr. Clerk, that he admits his crime.

The expression is rather strong.

The deed is heinous. How old was the girl?

About nineteen years.

Memphis, I think.

Fancy importing a girl such a distance to murder her! When did her death take place?

About three thousand six hundred years ago.

Prisoner! how dare you indulge in this misplaced levity?

I am not joking sir. I assure you the deceased lived in the reign of one of the Pharohs.

I'll put handcuffs on you.

Your honor, said the prisoner sternly, this pleasantry has been carried too far. And let me say, sir, that you are the most marvelously ignorant man that ever sat upon the judicial bench. Where were you brought up, that you haven't even suspected that for two days you have been holding an inquest on the pretended murder of an egyptian mummy?

A mummy!

Of course sir: and if you had conducted your examination properly, you would know that you are addressing Count de D ——, a member of the Academy of Inscriptions and Belles Lettres.

My lord, said the judge, I beg a thousand pardons. I hope your lordship will forget—

I will forget everything. Give me my mummy, and try in future to obtain experts who will come a little nearer than three or four thousand years in guessing at the date of a person's death.

The police magistrate, very much mortified at his blunder, gave up the mummy, but he never heard the last part of the story.

SCENE IN A POLICE OFFICE.

The prisoner in this case, whose name was Dicken Swiven, alias, "Stove Pipe Pete," was placed at the bar and questioned by the Judge to the following effect:

Judge.—Bring the prisoner into court.

Pete—Here I am, bound to blaze, as the spirits of turpentine said, when he was all afire.

We will take a little fire out of you. How do you live.

I ain't particular, as the oyster said when they asked him if he would be roasted or fried.

We don't want to hear what the oyster said, or the spirits of turpentine either. What do you follow?

Anything that comes in my way as the locomotive said, when it run over the little nigger.

Don't care anything about the locomotive.—What is your business.

That's various, as the cat said when she stole the chicken off the table.

If I hear any more absurd comparisons, I will give you twelve months.

I'm done, as the beefsteak said to the cook.

Now sir, your punishment will depend on the shortness and correctness of your answers. I suppose you live by going around the docks.

No sir, I can't go around the docks without a boat, and hain't got none.

Answer me sir. How do you get your bread?

Sometimes at the baker's and sometimes I eat taters.

No more of your stupid nonsense. How do you support yourself?

Sometimes on my legs and sometimes on a chair.

How do you keep yourself alive?

By breathing sir.

I order you to answer this question correctly. How do you do?

Pretty well I thank you, Judge. How do you do?

I shall have to commit you.

Well, you've committed yourself first, that's some consolation.

PATRICK HENRY.

A man stands upon the floor of the House of Delegates of Virginia. He turns an eye of fire around him—he trembles with some mighty emotion. That emotion, reader, was the first breath of new born liberty. She started into life at this inspiration, and the days of Tyranny were numbered. The grandeur of that scene cannot be compassed at one glance. He stood amid a grave and prudent body of men, conscious, indeed, of the wrongs of his country, but relying upon the modest petition for redress. They had never let their imaginations ramble into visions of upright and fearless independence. A thousand things forbade the idea. Their habits of thought and action, their pitiable weakness as a country, their disgust for war on account of recent and exhausting conflicts, all tended to indispose them to freedom. They were, besides, legislating beneath the jealous eyes of royal deputies, who would not fail to call treason by its name.—They sat as it were under the glimmerings of the diadem.

Who would dare, if so inclined to, stalk forth from their midst, and throw down the gauntlet to the mightiest Empire of the world—to principles as old as the great globe itself, interwoven with every page of past history, sanctioned by venerable ages, and proud and awful as the heavens? Who would dare to leap on the mossgrown and frowning ramparts of monarchy, and pluck its blood red flag? Who would rush from the security of submission, and Sampson like, grasp the lion by his mane? It was the grandest moment of that time, but God had reared up one to fill it. That one was Patrick Henry.

He opened his lips. His heart, big with the destinies of the World, struggled for a moment with doubt—but no longer. The electric appeal shot forth, drifted on—flashing fiercer and brighter, and growing in overwhelming majesty, until the last words—"Give me liberty or give me Death!"—filled up its measures of terrible might; and the last link of the chain that had entirely bound the former was riven. He has finished his sublime task. The revolution was a fact.

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—From a table published in one of the Harrisburgh papers, we learn that the present House of Representatives is made up of thirty one farmers, fourteen merchants, one railroad contractor, seven physicians, thirteen lawyers, one lumber dealer, eight iron manufacturers, one dyer, two editors and printers, two coach makers, one architect, one clerk, one manufacturer, one horticulturist, one coal merchant, one coal operator, two powder manufacturers, one engineer, one cooper, one carpenter, one tin smith, two wheelrights, one gentleman, one agricultural implement manufacturer, one moulder, one victualler. Of these, sixty-seven are natives of Pennsylvania, two of Massachusetts, one of Ohio, two of Connecticut, one of Maryland, five of New York, one of Virginia, two of New Jersey, four of Ireland, one of England, one of Wales, and one of Germany.

☞"What would our wives say if they knew where we were?" said the captain of a schooner, when they were beating about in a thick fog, fearful of going on shore. "Humph! I shouldn't mind that," replied the mate, "If we only knew where we were ourselves."

☞If an empty purse could speak, what love-like speech would it make?—"You'll find no change in me."

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

—BEDFORD, Pa.—

FRIDAY : : : : : : : MAR. 22, 1861.

B. F. Meyers, Editor & Proprietor.

Twenty-Seven States.

The first grand result of the success of "Republican principles, is the practical curtailment of the Federal Union to the number of States comprised in the Union some twenty years ago This must be what the "Republicans" meant when they told us that they intended to bring back the government to the condition in which it was left by our revolutionary forefathers.—That such would be the inevitable consequence of the triumph of "Republicanism," was our firm belief from the very inception of that dangerous heresy, and we spared neither time, labor, nor expense in our endeavors to prevent such a consummation. We warned our neighbors and friends, from the stump and through the newspaper. We argued with them, expostulated, importuned, implored, but all in vain. The headlong current of the prevailing fanaticism swept them from the broad platform of the constitution and plunged them into the narrow abyss of Northern sectionalism. With what intense regret must they not remember those warning words unheeded, when they reflect that *by their own act* they have driven seven sovereign states out of the once honored and impregnable Union! They "knew their duty but did it not!"

People may tell us that the Union is not dissolved—that our government represents as many states as it did formerly. As a matter of law, that is time. As a matter of fact it is, we are sorrow to acknowledge, not quite so correct. Of what value is the law, when it cannot be executed? Does it restrain the robber from violence, or the mutineer from rebellion? Of what worth is the law in South Carolina, when the Federal Administration is compelled, as a matter of policy, to withdraw its forces from Fort Sumter? Of what consequence is the law, when men who are surely guilty of treason under that law, go unpunished yea, even unmolested by any attempt to bring them to justice? No! To the shame of the people of the North be it said, Abolitionism has been allowed nay, aided and abetted, by them, to effect the practical dissolution of the Union. Blind as bats! wilfully, perversely blind, were the people of Pennsylvania, when they refused to be warned against the sectional "Republican" party. The darling scheme of Wilberforce and Exeter Hall, is accomplished. A deep and daily widening chasm yawns between the people of the North and the South, and there is but one way of filling the breach, and that is by casting therein the leaders, office-holders and office-hunters of the Republican party.

THE PROBLEM SOLVED!
"HAVE WE A GOVERNMENT?"
Lincoln Limber in the Knees!

The glad news that Fort Sumter is to be evacuated, and that we are to have no civil war for the present, is confirmed. The question so indignantly asked by the "Republicans" a short time ago, *"Have we a Government?"* is answered. According to their doctrine, we have not. According to their policy four weeks ago, the Government instead of withdrawing the troops from Fort Sumter, would have been in duty bound to re-inforce them. According to their ideas of the requirements of the times, the "Southern traitors" should have been sought out and hung. But Mr. Lincoln, finding that unless he took Democratic ground in the present emergency, he would be entirely unable to administer the Government, has to some extent abandoned the Quixotic plans of his party friends. He is just now decidedly "weak in the knees," so far as standing on the Chicago Platform is concerned. We sincerely hope that the Republicans will not abuse him for adopting Buchanan's policy, nay for doing the very opposite of what they demanded of the Ex-President. We hope they will be as consistently inconsitent as ever and praise Mr. Lincoln for surrendering to the "Southern traitors" the Federal property at Fort Sumter.

Local and Miscellaneous.

....SPRING ELECTION.—The election for local officers which came off in this Borough on Friday last, resulted in the choice of thirteen Democrats and five Republicans. The Democratic majority on the test vote (Inspector) was 20. The following is the vote:

DEMOCRATS.		REPUBLICANS.	
Chief Burgess.			
John H. Rush,	109	Geo. D. Shuck,	85
Assistant Burgess.			
Henry Deibaugh,	114	Col in Loyer,	82
Councilmen.			
George Mardorf,	114	W. W. Shuck,	99
Joshua Mower,	94	J. L. Leesig,	81
High Constable.			
Levi Agnew,	73	J. A. Henderson,	122
Auditor.			
R. H. G. Irvine.	113	F. D. Sapp,	75
Judge of Election.			
Samuel Davis,	101	M. Milburn,	97
Inspector.			
Henry Reimund,	109	R. D. Barcley,	89
Constable.			
Hiram Lantz,	93	Milton Spidle,	100
Assessor.			
A. J. Sansom,	123	Jas. McMullen,	73
Assistant Assessor.			
Samuel Shuck,	116	Val. Vondersmith,	79
William Bowles,	107	Peter H. Shires,	89
School Directors.			
J. W. Lingenfelter,	112	Fr. Jordan,	97
John Mower,	94	S. L. Russell,	90
Supervisors.			
John Border,	102	G. W. Rupp,	89
W. Hoerkens,	109	E. G. McMullin,	84
Town Clerk.			
C. H. Spang,	108	S. M. Barclay,	88

....SHARP!—Some three months ago, we gave our note for $70, payable in par funds, at the Banking House of Reed, Rupp & Schell..—Wm. Schafer, Esq., Treasurer of Bedford County, who is a heavy depositor with them, and had funds at the time in this Banking House, gave us his check for $71 on Reed, Rupp and Schell, and on presentation, intending to lift our note they wanted to *shave* this depositor's check on themselves. Are these banking rules and if so, isn't it *sharp* practice?—*Inquirer.*

Sharper still—the idea of lugging a little private difficulty in a matter of business, into the columns of a newspaper. At any rate we cannot see how there can be any cause for complaint against Messrs. Reed, Rupp and Schell, in any thing set forth in the above statement.—The note referred to was payable in *par* funds, whilst Mr. Schafer's deposits must, from the necessity of the case, consist frequently of funds that are not *par*, but merely *current*. The difference between *par* and current money was all the bankers asked, and to that they were certainly entitled. Their "occupation would be gone" very soon, if they were to exchange *par* for *current* funds. As for the manner in which Messrs. Reed, Rupp and Schell do business, we can testify to their perfect honesty, as well as to their liberality, having dealt with them from the beginning of their business.

....Among the graduates of the recent Annual Commencement of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, we observe the name of our young friend and fellow townsmen, Dr. W. H. WATSON, Jr. We understand that the Dr. passed a very creditable examination, and bear his professional attainments spoken of in high terms.

....The Spring elections throughout the county, so far as we have heard, have resulted as favorably for the Democracy as we could have expected, local matters, of course, having more to do with them than politics.

....The contest among the "Republicans" for Postmaster at this place, was decided on Friday last, by a plurality, in favor of Mr. William Kiser. As well as we reccollect the vote stood, W. W. Shuck, 24; A. S. Russell, 56; S. Radebaugh, 65; W Kiser, 78. There is considerable hard feeling between the friends of the different candidates, one set charging the other with unfair electioneering and another objecting to the counting out of the votes by the election-board long before the voting ceased. Mr. Shuck, we believe, withdrew, at noon, in favor of Mr. Keiser.

....It seems that the Irrepressibles have some intention of removing Mrs. Statler, P. M. at Schellsburg, for the purpose of making room for a well-to-do "Republican" of the masculine gender. We shouldn't be surprised if they swallow all their professions of sympathy for widows and orphans expressed at the time of removal of Mrs. Saupp, and turn out the widow Statler in the cold. Can you do it, gentlemen, after saying what you did in the Saupp case?

....Mr. J. G. Fisher will open a subscription school, in a few weeks, at the school-house in Boydstown. The citizens of the upper end of our town will consult the interests of their children by sending them to Mr. Fisher. We know him to be a good scholar and excellent teacher.

THE SPRING ELECTIONS.

THE BEGINNING OF THE REACTION.

DEMOCRATIC TRIUMPHS.

"IS ANYBODY HURT."

The Spring elections for borough and township officers throughout the greater part of the State, took place on Friday, and as far as we have been enabled to learn, the Democracy has swept every vestige of Black Republicanism before them. Even in the very strongholds of sectionalism has the reaction been so great that the miserable plunder-seeking party seemed terror-stricken at the verdict of the ballot-box.—In the city of Reading, where the opponents of Democracy have been ruling for years, the Democratic Mayor is elected by a majority of 644, and the entire council, with three or four exceptions. In Harrisburg, Norristown and West Chester the victory has been equally great. But will this signal rebuke soften the hearts of the rulers at Washington and cause them to pursue a peace policy? We fear not. Their hatred to the South and her institutions is so deep-seated that they are callous to public sentiment.

READING.

Joel B. Wanner (Dem,) is elected Mayor by 644 majority over Bonneville Keim (Rep.) the present incumbent.

Peter Shaneman (Dem) is elected Treasurer by 454 majority; and Messrs. Smith, Haus and Morris are elected Auditors by Majorities of 323, 337 and 266 respectively.

Granklin B. Miller (Dem.) and Wm. B. Schœner (Ind. Dem.) are elected Alderman; and Christian Snyder and Joseph Goodhart, (Dem.) Constables.

The Democrats also elect all the Common Councilmen and the Judges and assessors, in the Northeast, Southeast and Spruce Wards; and one of the three Common Councilmen and the Assessors in Northwest Ward.

NORRISTOWN.

The election in Norristown has resulted in a complete triumph of the Democrat and Bell-Everett ticket, by an average majority of near 400.

HARRISBURG.

The entire Democratic ticket was elected in Harrisburg.

PHŒNIXVILLE.

The election in this borough resulted in the success of the Conservative and Independent ticket.

WEST CHESTER.

The contest in the election here was confined to Chief Burgess. The candidates were Henry S. Evans, Citizens candidate, and Addison May, Black Republican. Evans was elected by over 209 majority.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

THE SUPREME COURT.

DOUGLAS AND FESSENDEN DIFFICULTY.

A CABINET SESSION TO-DAY.

THE GOVERNMENT FLEET FOR THE SOUTH.

RUMORED COLLISIONS AT PENSACOLA.

[Special Dispatch to the Bulletin.]

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The Judges of the Supreme Court are said to have protested against the appointment of Mr. Lamon, of Illinois, as Marshal of this District. They object to such a precedent.

The friends of Senator Fessenden, of Maine, and Senator Douglas, are endeavoring to settle the difficulty between them caused by the severe "passage-at-arms" between them in the Senate Chamber yesterday.

The movements of the fleet of U. S. vessels which has sailed from New York, are said to be in the direction of Fort Pickens and Fort Jefferson. Information of their sailing has been laid before Governor Pickens and Jeff. Davis.

[SECOND DESPATCH.]

Washington, March 16.—The Senate will not adjourn until the middle of next week.

Reports have been received in this city to the effect that a collision has occurred between the United States troops and the Seceders at Pensacola. No small stir has been created by the rumors.

Louisville, March 16.—A large Southern Rights meeting was held at the Court House last night. The proceedings were attended with much confusion, and the meeting finally broke up in a row.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Chief Justice Taney delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court to-day in the matter of the Commonwealth of Kentucky against the Governor of Ohio, deciding that it was a case of original jurisprudence, and, in effect, of one State against another; and, therefore, the Court has jurisdiction under the Constitution. It is a case to compel the Governor of Ohio, by writ of mandamus, to surrender a fugitive from justice from Kentucky. And the Court says the demanding State has a right to have every such fugitive delivered up; that the State of Ohio has no right to enter into the question whether the act of which the fugitive stands accused is criminal or not in Ohio, provided it was a crime in Kentucky, and it is the duty of the Governor of Ohio to deliver up, upon any proper proof that the act charged is a crime by the laws of Kentucky; that the act of Congress of 1793 determines what evidence is to be submitted to the State of Ohio; that the duty of the Governor is ministerial merely, like that of a sheriff or marshal, and the Court appealed to his good faith in the discharge of a constitutional duty for the reason that Congress cannot impose any Federal duty on the officers of a State, and that where such officers are called upon by an act of Congress to perform such duty, it relies upon good sense and good faith on their part. And, on these grounds, the writ of madamus was granted.

The Evacuation of Fort Sumter.

Another Cabinet council—The Southern Confederacy to be Eventually Recognized—Compliment to Mr. Crittenden—Ohio Politics, Etc., Etc.,

WASHINGTON, March 16—Another protracted meeting of the Cabinet was held to day.—After passing upon a number of Territorial and other appointments, the Southern question, in its various bearings, was again taken up and discussed for nearly two hours. The instructions to Major Anderson, in reference to the evacuation of Fort Sumter, formed the principal subject under consideration. Much diversity of opinion is known to have prevailed as to the manner of withdrawing the garrison, and no ultimate conclusion was arrived at on that point.

There are Republicans here who assert, knowingly and positively, that the secret of the unexpected consent of Gov. Chase and other radical members of the Cabinet to the surrender of Fort Sumter, is their firm belief in the inevitability of the ultimate division of the country into two confederacies, one distinctly free labor the other slaveholding, and their desire to bring about the separation without bloodshed. That this idea has been broached in Cabinet council is certain, and Seward as well as Chase will eventually urge a recognition of the new Confederacy.

The President of the United States, the members of the Cabinet, the Foreign Ministers, Senators and Representatives in Congress, Judges of the Courts, Supreme and other, the Mayor and citizens of Washington, with a large number of visitors, have arranged to wait upon Mr. Crittenden and lady, at the National Hotel tonight.

The visit is a parting entertainment given to the distinguished Senator from Kentucky, after forty years of honest and faithful public service for the whole country.

The Administration will adhere to the line of action indicated by Mr. Fessenden, and there will be no premature discussion of the policy of the Administration towards the seceding States.

Reports received from Columbus show that there will probably be a choice of a Senator during the present session.

THE REPUBLICANS are racking their ingenuity to discover excuses for the evacuation of Fort Sumter. The gallant Anderson, who was petted and applauded as a marvellous hero, is, by some of them, suddenly discovered to be a traitor little less infamous than Twiggs. A correspondent of the *N. Y Tribune* says it is suspected in some quarters that Mr. Buchanan sent a secret agent to Fort Sumter more than eight weeks ago, advising the Government false intelligence concerning his condition and means of subsistence. This "very *unlikely* story is gravely repeated in justification of the back-down of the Lincoln Administration.

SUICIDE BY A RUINED GAMBLER AT HAMBURG.—A letter from Frankfort of Feb. 19, says:—"The day before yesterday an English lady, who had resided at Hamburg for some time, and had been a constant visitor to the gambling saloons, where by degrees she had lost almost all her property, left town and went to the village of Kirdorf, about three miles distant. She ascended the tower of the new church there, and having first tied her legs together, threw herself from the lower to the earth, a distance of about 100 feet. When picked up she was still living, but was conveyed to the hospital at Hamburg in an exceedingly deplorable condition.

From the Hollidaysburg Standard.

Democratic Meeting.

A mass meeting of the Democracy of Altoona was held at Lowther's Hall, on Thursday evening, March 7th, 1861. On motion, John McClelland was called to the Chair; and Jonathan Conrad, Richard Crozier and Patrick Paisely were chosen Vice Presidents, and Wm. McDonald, Secretary. S. M. Wooodkok. Esq., was then called upon to state the object of the meeting. Mr. Woodkok made a brief and eloquent address, and concluded by moving that a committee of five be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the wishes of the Democracy of Altoona. The Chair appointed S. M. Woodkok, John Woods, John Bowman, John Condo and Thomas McBride. The Committee after retiring for a short time, returned, when S. M. Woodkok, Chairman, read the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted by the meeting:—

Whereas, Seven of the States constituting this Republic have declared their connexion with th Government of the United States dissolved, and we have reason to believe that unless some adjustment of our present difficulties be speedily made, Virgnia and all the border States will attempt to separate themselves from the Union; *And Whereas*, The Democratic party of Pennsylvania at the late State Convention held in Harrisburg, again attested its loyalty to the Constitution, the Union, and the Rights of the States, we, the Democracy of Altoona, in a mass meeting assembled, believing that the present condition of affairs demands that the people everywhere should give expression to their opinions, be it, therefore,

Resolved, That the Federal Government is the freest and the best the world has ever seen, that it was founded upon mutual concessions, made for the sake of the Union, by several separate and sovereign communities; that the spirit of compromise, exercised in the beginning, has always been needed; that so soon as it ceases to influence the various members of this Confederacy, we have no reason to hope for anything else than a renewal of such a scne as is presented in the country to-day.

Resolved, That there is, in reality, no such antagonism between the North and the South as would justify a disruption of our bonds of Union; that the people of the South are our friends and not our enemies, and that to deny them any of the rights guaranteed them by the Constitution is to commit at once an act of the greatest crime and folly.

Resolved, That the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, upon a Constitutional question, is a final adjudication of the matter, and that the doctrine that every new bench of Judges may alter the obligations of the Constitution, by a new decision, is a dangerous political heresy, and calculated to demoralize the highest judicial tribunal in the land by bending its decisions to the will of dominant political parties, and thus changing the meaning of the Constitution itself to suit every gale of popular caprice.

Resolved, That we now hold, as we have ever held, that the Territory is the common property of the States comprising this Republic, and, that being such, the people of each State have a perfect right to go into the Territories with their property, slave or other, and there to hold it is such form and manner as is authorized by the Constitution and the law of the land.

Resolved, That when the people of any Territory have sufficient population to entitle them to one representative in Congress, they ought to be admitted into the Union, with or without slavery, as by their State Constitution may be determined.

Resolved, That the Border Slave States, in the "Compromise Measures" offered in the Senate of the United States by Hon. J. J. Crittenden, demanded nothing more than their Constitutional rights, and that their people have shown a devoted love to the Union, and a disposition to abide by it so long as they have any hope of their rights being recognized and protected.

Resolved, That to remove our present difficulties, and to insure tranquility in the future, a National Convention of Delegates, selected by the people, should be immediately called, and the amendments proposed by Mr. Crittenden, or some similar amendments, after having been concurred in by the delegates from two-thirds of the States, should be incorporated in the Constitution as an amendment thereto.

Resolved, That we still have implicit faith in the "time-honored principles" of the Democratic party—not those sectional dogmas or individual opinions of any one man—but that great and broad system of Nationality devised by our justly great leader Thomas Jefferson, and by which it has, with but few exceptions, been since governed

Resolved, That the organization of a purely sectional party based upon principles such as those enunciated in the Chicago platform, was a movement calculated to bring about just such a state of affairs as exists in this country to-day, and that their whole course of action has been such as would most certainly alienate the people of the South and give power to those leaders in the cotton States who have been discontented for years, and that the ultra leaders of the Republican party are responsible for all our present national difficulties, and we intend holding them to a strict account therefor.

Resolved, That we believe the mass of the people of Pennsylvania, without respect to party, are overwhelmingly in favor of an honorable adjustment of our present difficulties, in some manner in accordance with the Constitution, and that all they want is an opportunity to speak their sentiments.

Resolved, That we are in favor of granting to the South their Constitutional rights; that we condemn the action of the Gulf States as hasty and revolutionary, but that we are opposed to the coercion of any one so long as her sister States of the North continue their unfriendly legislation and refuse to repeal all local laws infringing upon the rights of the South as guarantied to each of the States by the plain provisions of the Constitution; that we deprecate civil war; that the cause will not justify it; that this battle is one of opinion, and not of armed men; that we expect to see Constitutional principles triumph over all opposition; that parties and party platforms must give way before the sacred causa of the Union; that our whole country is, as it ever has been, the rallying cry of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania; that we know, in this strife, no North, no South, no South, no East, no West; that we are for preserving an undivided Union of these States, and that we believe that this consummation, so devoutly to be wished, can be brought about so soon as party platforms and party prejudices are made subservient to the Constitution, and to simple, even-handed Justice.

Resolved, That the conciliatory course of Mr. Buchanan, in regard to our present National difficulties, has been wise and patriotic, and that the people of the whole country are with him in refusing, by using harsh measures, to precipitate the nation into civil war and fraternal bloodshed.

Resolved, That, in the Hon. Wm. Bigler, Pennsylvania has a Senator of whom she may well be proud, and that in this hour of trial he has shown himself, by his speeches and actions, a Statesman and a true son of his country, and the people of Pennsylvania will welcome him to his retirement with the plaudit of "Well done, good and faithful servant."

Resolved, That the course of our Congressman, S. S. Blair, in voting with the Abolitionists against the "Corwin Resolutions," and against all the compromise measures and honorable adjustments introduced into Congress for the purpose of restoring peace to the country, has been a shameful misrepresentation of the wishes of his constituents; that he has, by his votes, shown himself to be a "full fledged" Abolitionist, and that his much wronged constituents will hereafter mete out to him that righteous condemnation which his misdeeds so richly merit.

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to attend to the printing of these resolutions in all the Democratic papers in this District.

(Signed by the Officers.)

THE OHIO FAT BOY.—The body of Vanuie Mack, the celebrated Ohio Fat Boy, who died in New York, while exhibiting at Barnum's Museum, passed through Pittsburg on Thursday, by railroad. It was marked "Agent Ohio Fat Boy, Darlington, Pa.," and was described on the bill of lading as follows: "1 Fat Boy—dead. Double first class passenger freight. Weight 600 pounds. Freight $2.50." The weight as given above, includes the coffin and box.

ELECTION OF U. S. SENATOR.—At 12 o'clock on Thursday the Senate met the House of Representatives in Convention to elect a United States Senator in place of Hon. Simon Cameron, resigned. David Wilmot received 65 votes; Wm. H. Welsh 34 votes; Mr. Ketcham and Mr. Wilkins 1 vote each.

CALIFORNIA EXPORTS.—We notice that the ship Moonlight, which sailed from San Francisco for Hong Kong, on the 19th of February, was laden in part with 140,000 feet of lumber, 50,000 flasks quicksilver, $150,000 in specie, and 400 deceased Chinamen's remains!

DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS.—The diseases are too well known to require any description. How many thousands are every year carried to the silent grave by that dreadful scourge Consumption, which always commences with a slight cough. Keep the blood pure and healthy by taking a few doses of JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS each week and disease of any kind is impossible. Consumption and Lung difficulties always arise from particles of corrupt matter deposited in the air-cells by bad blood. Purify that stream of life and it will very soon carry off and destroy the poisonous matter: and like a crystal river flowing through a desert, will bring with it and leave throughout the body the element of health and strength. As the river leaving the elements of fertility in its course, causes the before barren waste to bloom with flowers and fruit, so pure blood causes the frame to rejoice in strength and health and bloom with unfading beauty.

JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS ARE SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, March 20, '61.

The FLOUR market has undergone no perceptible change, and the export demand is limited. Sales of 200 barrels good Superfine at $5; 450 barrels Extra at $5 25 and 5 37½; 100 barrels Extra Family at $5 62½; and 200 barrels Broad Street Mills on private terms. The sales to the retailers and bakers have been within the range of these figures, and fancy at $6 and 6 75 as in quality.

The receipts and stocks of RYE FLOUR are small and held with more firmness. Sales at $3 62½ per barrel.

Of CORN MEAL there is very little here, and Pennsylvania is held at $2 87½.

The offerings of WHEAT continue light, and it is in steady demand at yesterday's quotations. Sales of 4 and 5,000 bushels fair and prime Pennsylvania and Western Red at 1 25 and 128; 1,100 bushels good Pennsylvania White at $1 25 and 1 37; and 500 bushels choice Kentucky at 1 50.

RYE is dull, Pennsylvania selling at 66 and 68 cents, the latter in a small way.

CORN is unchanged but rather quiet, with sales of 5000 bushels Yellow to note at 57cents for prime dry Southern, afloat; 54 and 55 cents for lots in the cars, as to condition, and 57½ and 58½ cents for old do. at the depot. Oats are selling at 32 cents for Pennsylvania and 31 cents for Southern.

BARLEY is scarce. Of BARLEY MALT, a sale of 800 bushels was made at 98 cents.

The PROVISION market continues very inactive, and the only sale we hear of is 45,000 lbs. loose shoulders and sides, in salt, at 6¾ cents for the former, and 8¾ cents for the latter, 60 days.

The SEED market is quiet at $4 75 and 5 per bushel for Cloverseed, and none offering; 100 bushels Timothy brought $3 per bushel, and some Flaxseed $1 50.

WHISKEY moves of slowly at 18 cents for Pennsylvania barrels; 18 and 18½ cents for for Western do; 17 cents for Druged, and 17½ cents for hogsheads.

THE RAILROAD CAN'T BE MADE IF *PAYMENT IS NEGLECTED!*

All those that are indebted to the undersigned, are requested to call and pay up. The accounts are numerous and none large, and can be paid at once, and injure nobody. By attending to this notice, the car can be kept in motion. So don't forget to call immediately.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

March 22.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of John Gorsuch, late of Hopewell tp., dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SHOEMAKER, of Colerain township, adm'r.

March 22.

ROCK POWDER—Just received and for sale by A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

March 22.

—MARRIED—

SHEELINE—GOLDSMITH.—On Tuesday evening March 12th, 1861, by Sam'l. J. Castner, Esq., at the Residence of Mr. A. L Beckhœfer, in Woodbury, Mr. Alexander Sheeline, of Galveston, Texas, to Miss Julia Goldsmith, of Bedford co, Pa.

BEARD—KOONS.—On the 7th inst., by the Rev. H. Heckerman, Mr. David Beard, to Miss Rebecca Koons, both of Bedford township.

TAYLOR—LOWRY.—On Thursday evening, March 14th, at the house of the Brides' father, by Lemuel Evans Esq., Mr. Alexander Taylor, of Riddles Colliery, to Miss Martha Jane Lowry both of Broad Top Tp., Bedford county.

FIGARD—ANDERSON.—On Sunday evening, March 17th, in Evansville, by the same, Mr. David Figard to Miss Amy Anderson, all of Broad Top Tp, Bedford county.

REININGER—ALLISON.—On the 14th inst., by Rev. N. E. Gilds, Mr. Peter Reininger, to Miss Ann Maria Allison, both of St. Clair Township.

ALLISON—SLONAKER.—On the same day, by the same, Mr. Jacob W. Allison, to Miss Rebecca Slonaker,, both of Union Township.

—DIED—

GROVE.—On March 9th, Mrs. Hannah Grove, aged 64 years.

STATLER.—On the 12th inst., Harry Clark, infant son of Dr. S. G. and E. J. Statler, aged 6 months and 11 days.

At Boydstown, on Saturday the 9th inst., Edward M. infant son of Simon and Margaret A. Deckerhoof, aged seven months.

"Suffer little children to come unto me and forbid them not, for such is the kingdom of heaven."

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, pursuant to the order of the Orphans' Court, on the premises in West Providence Township, Bedford County, on SATURDAY, 20th APRIL next, the following

REAL ESTATE,

late the property of James McDaniel, dec'd., viz: One tract of land, being unimproved, adjoining lands of ——— Fetter on the East, Fred'k. Collaberger on the West, Andrew Mortimore on the North, and Joseph McDaniel's heirs on the South, containing one hundred acres, more or less.

ALSO, one other tract of unimproved land, adjoining the mansion property and lands of Daniel Snyder, David Steckman and others, and containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less.

ALSO, the mansion place, of said dec'd., adjoining lines of Daniel Snyder, Wilson McDaniel, Jacob Steel, John Calhoun and others, containing 208 acres, about one hundred acres cleared and under fence, 6 or 8 of which are meadow, balance well timbered. The improvements are a two-story Log Dwelling House, with kitchen attached; also a Smoke House, Spring House, and Log Stable, with threshing floor. There is also an apple orchard on the premises, and a good spring at the door of the dwelling. The property is situated five miles South of Bloody Run, on the road to Clearville.

The Sale will commence at 1 o'clock, on said day, the terms will be one third in hand, the balance in two equal annual payments without interest.

JOSEPH McDANIEL, Administrator.

March 22d, '61.

BEDFORD HOTEL—AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, on Pitt Street, where he would be happy to meet his old friends, and the public generally.

It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The house will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged.

Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

ALL THE STAGES STOP AT THIS HOTEL.

JOHN HAFER, Proprietor.

Aug. 1, 1860.

NOTICE.—Is hereby given that I have purchased at Constable's sale, on the 5th of March, 1861, the following property, to wit: One grey mare, one roan colt, one red spotted cow, one red heifer, two sows, twelve pigs, six shoats, one two horse plow, two shovel plows, one harrow, two sleds, one two horse wagon, one wind-mill, one grind-stone, one iron kettle, one ten plate stove one cooking-tove, two setts of wagon harness, fifteen bushels of wheat, forty bushels rye, fifteen barrels of corn, forty bushels of oats, all of which said property, I have left in the hands of Conrad Smith, during my pleasure, and hereby caution all persons against interfering with the same.

H. B. ELBIN, per J. W. Tate, Att'y.

March 22.

BEDFORD COUNTY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The Semi-Annual meeting of the Association will convene in the Hall of the Hall of the Union School House, in Bedford, on Friday, April 19th, at 1½ o'clock, P. M. The exercises will consist of Essays by Misses L. C. Arnold, M. E. Allison, and Messrs J. B. Fluck, M. A. Points, Jas. J. Borndollar and J. G. Livingston.—Lectures will be delivered by A. N. Raub and J. H. Longenecker.

It is hoped that the teacners of Bedford county will turn out in numbers, and show the people that they are working in earnest. Friends of education, and the public generally are invited to attend.

J. GILBERT FISHER, Chairman Business Committee.

March 22.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned appointed auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of Philip Gosler's interest, in the Bedford Mineral Springs property, will attend to the duties, of said appointment at his office, in Bedford, on Friday 17th day of April, 1861 at 1 o'clock, when all interested can attend.

J. W. LINGENFELTER, Auditor.

March 22d, '61.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—

James O'Neal vs. Sophia O'Neal } Alias Subpœna on Libel for Divorce.

THE undersigned, appointed commissioner to take the testimony, &c., in the above case, will attend to the duties thereof, on the 22d day of April 1861 at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, at 1 o'clock when all interested, can attend.

J. W. LINGENFELTER, Commissioner.

March 22d, '61.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas Letters of administration upon the estate of Jacob Murray, late of Woodbury Township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said Estate, will make the same known without delay to

JOHN B. LONGENECKER, Administrator, near Woodbury.

March 22d, 1861.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—
The undersigned, appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of Sheriff Cessna, arising from the sale of the real estate of Terrence Keirney will attend to the duties of said appointment on Monday, the 15th day of April, 1861, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at his office in Bedford borough.
O. H. GAITHER
March 22. Auditor.

PATENT MICA LAMP CHIMNEY.
A CHIMNEY THAT WILL NOT BREAK:
This great invention commends itself to every one using Coal Oil Lamps. It gives more light, requires less cleaning and will not break by the heat or cold, falling, or any ordinary usage. For sale by Storekeepers generally throughout the U. S. and the Canadas, and Wholesale by the Manufacturers and Patantees.
HORNING & HUMPHREY,
No. 321 N. Second Street, Phil'a.
N. B.—A large and superior stock of COAL OIL LAMPS, always on hand, at prices defying competition. Also, the Portland Coal Oil, at Manufacturers' price.
March 15, 1861–1t.

JUNIATA IRON COMPANY.—
NOTICE IS hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, at its present session, for the passage of "an act to incorporate the Juniata Iron Company," with authority to hold real estate, and to carry on the business of the company, in Bedford County, and that the corporators named in said act will be
SAMUEL H. TATE,
WM. P. SCHELL,
THOS. A. SCOTT,
W. T. DAUGHERTY,
C. W. ASHCOM.
March. 15, 1861.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.—
WHEREAS, Zacchens Luman, late of Cumberland Valley twp., dec'd., died seized of the following Real Estate, to wit:
One tract of land, being the mansion place, situate in said township of Cumberland Valley, Bedford County, containing about eighty acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Jacob Wertz, John Fredericks' heirs and others.
Leaving a widow, Sarah Luman, and issue six children, viz: Ann intermarried with David Dicken, residing in Seneca county, Ohio, Sarah Luman, residing in Bedford county, John Luman, the petitioner, Moses Luman, residing in Seneca county, Ohio, Benjamin Lumah, residing in Seneca county, Ohio, and Eliza intermarried with William Gillam, residing in Bedford county,
Notice is therefore hereby given that in pursuance of a writ of Partition, or valuation, to me directed, I will proceed to hold an Inquisition, or Valuation, on the premises, on Saturday, the 6th day of April, next, when and where all interested, may attend if they see proper.
Sheriff's Office, JOHN J. CESSNA,
March 15, 1861. Sheriff.

NOTICE OF INQUISITION.—
WHEREAS Rachael McCune, late of Middle Woodbury Township, deceased, died, seized of the following real estate, viz: One lot of ground in the Town of Woodbury, in the county of Bedford, with a dwelling house thereon erected, bounded by lots of George R. Holsinger, and Jacob Brenneman,
Leaving issue seven children, to wit: John McCune, the petitioner, Samuel McCune, Rebecca Alaways, Margaret Igo, Hannah Barley, Nancy Ann Moore, all residing in B'air County, Pennsylvania, and Sanford Miller, whose residence is unknown:
Notice is, therefore, hereby given, that in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation, to me directed, I will proceed to hold an Inquisition, or Valuation, on the premises, on Saturday, the 13th day of April next, when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper.
Sheriff's Office, JOHN J. CESSNA,
March 15th, 1861. Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—
By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 30th day of March, 1861, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:
One tract of land containing 65 acres more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a plank dwelling house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Eleven Shipley, Thomas Conrad and others, situate in Southampton Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas Pennell.
Sheriff's Office, JOHN J. CESSNA,
March 15th, 1861. Sheriff.

THE BODUGGER.—
This wonderful article just patented, is something entirely new, and never before offered to agents, who are wanted everywhere. Full particulars sent free. Address
SHAW & CLARK,
March 15, 1861. Biddeford, Maine.

NOTICE.—
All persons indebted for subscriptions of stock, to the Hopewell and Bloody Run Plank and Turnpike Road Company, are hereby notified, that the books will be left with Henry Nicodemus Esq., for collection, if not paid before the 1st April next.
JOSEPH W. TATE,
President, & Att'y. for Company.
March 15th, 1861.

LAST NOTICE.
The Books of the late firm of Reed & Minnich, and J. Reed & co., are in the hands of the subscriber for collection. Debtors thereon desirous of saving costs, must call & settle on or before the 1st day of April, as after that date he will make use of the law in collecting without respect to persons.
JOHN P. REED.
March 8, 1861. Attorney at Law.

ATTENTION, BEDFORD RIFLEMEN!
You will meet for parade in Bedford, on Saturday, the 16th day of March, inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., in full Winter Uniform (with Plume.) By order of the Captain.
GEORGE STIFFLER, O. S.
March 8, 1861.

ESTATE OF JACOB NICODEMUS, dec'd.
—Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to distribute the balance in the hands of Jacob A. Nicodemus, Executor of the last will &c., of Jacob Nicodemus, late of Middle Woodbury Township, in said county dec'd., and to report the facts to said Court, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Wednesday, the 13th day of March, A. D., 1861, at one o'clock P. M., of said day.
S. L. RUSSELL,
March 1st, '61, Auditor.

MARTHA T. MARTIN, C. H. HAMRICK, J. A. L. MORREI
GEO. R. PEDDLE, S. R. MARTIN.
F. A. BAKER,
WITH
MARTINS, PEDDLE, HAMRICK & CO.
—IMPORTERS OF—
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND NOTIONS,
No. 30, North Fourth St., Phil.
May 18,'60.–1 yr.

RATES OF CHARGES FOR ADVERTISING.
Transient advertisements will be inserted at the rate of $1.00 per square of ten lines for three insertions, or less, but for every subsequent insertion, 25 cents per square will be charged in addition.—Table and figure work double price. Auditor's notices ten lines and under, $1.00; upwards of ten lines and under fifteen $1.50. Liberal reductions made to persons advertising by the year.

SHETALND WOOL, all colors, at Dr. Harry's.
KEROSENE OIL, the best article, at Dr. Harry's

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY.
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.
OFFICE JOHN A. STODDART, NO. 411 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.
Attention is invited to the following statement and the accompanying testimonials in favor of these
CELEBRATED AMERICAN WATCHES,
A Gold Medal was awarded the Company by the Massachusetts Mechanical Association, 1856. A Gold Medal was also awarded them by the American Institute at New York, in 1857. The Company also received the First Premium—a Gold Medal—from the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, in 1858.
These Watches have now been in the market for nearly ten years, during which time they have been tested as to
ACCURACY, DURABILITY AND RELIABILITY,
in every conceivable manner, and have proved themselves to be the most satisfactory time pieces ever offered to the public.
This result has been brought about by a strict application of mechanical science to the construction of the watch from its very inception, rendering it, when finished
MATHEMATICALLY CORRECT,
in all proportions, and necessarily as perfect a time keeper as it is possible to make.
The Company have tested their Watches, in many instances, by actual daily noting, and the result of this test has been that they have exhibited a rate equal in regularity to the best marine chronometer.
N. B.—We have just introduced a
NEW STYLE OF WATCH
elaborately finished, and thinner than any we have heretofore produced, with several improvements calculated to secure the greatest accuracy of performance, and to prevent the usual accidents and derangements to which foreign watches are liable.

Letter from Paul Morphy, the Celebrated Chess Player.
NEW YORK, Oct. 15, 1859.
Mr. R. E. ROBBINS, Treas. Am. Watch Co.:
Dear Sir:—The American Watch, No. 9240, presented me by the New York Chess Club, proved to be a most reliable and accurate time-keeper—almost unnecessarily so for ordinary purposes. It is now nearly five months since it came into my possession, and during that period its variation from standard time has been but a trifle more than half a minute. The following is a record of its performance. It was set June 3d correctly:

June 15, fast 4 seconds.		Aug. 15, fast 18 seconds.	
July 1, - 6	do	Sept. 1, - 23	do
- 15, - 10	do	- 15, - 28	do
Aug. 1, - 16	do	Oct. 1, - 32	do

I give you permission to make such use of this statement as you may think proper.
I am, with respect, yours truly,
PAUL MORPHY.

The following is from Mr. Porter, the well known Marine Chronometer and Watch Maker.
BOSTON, Sept. 28, 1859.
R. E. ROBBINS, Treas. Am. Watch Co.
Dear Sir:—I have sold during the last year a considerable number of Watches of the Waltham manufacture, and am happy to say that all of them without exception, have fulfilled my guaranty, and have given satisfaction to the purchasers.
GEORGE E. PORTER.

The following named gentlemen may be referred to in relation to these Watches.
Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, Maine, John G. Saxe, Vermont, N. P. Willis, N. Y., Hon. N. P. Banks, Massachusetts, A. L. Hamilton, Tennessee, James W Simonton, Cal. Carlos D. Stuart, Long Island, Townsend Harris, Japan, Horace Greeley, Frank Leslie, Norman Wiard, Wis, Dr. J. Marion Sims, Charles Hammond, Phil'a., Prof. Bartlett, West Point, Dr. Ammi Brown, Boston, Lieut. Henry A. Wise, U. S. N., Col. W J. Harden, U. S. A., S. Ireneus Prime, D. D. White Plains, Col. T. B. Thorpe.

CAUTION.
As our Watch is now extensively counterfeited by foreign manufacturers, we have to inform the public that no Watch is of our production which is unaccompanied by a certificate of genuineness, bearing the number of the Watch, and signed by our Treasurer, R. E. Robbins, or by our predecessors, Appleton, Tracy & Co.
These Watches are for sale by Jewelers generally, and can be had on application to the undersigned.
JOHN A. STODDART,
Number 411 Chestnut Street, above 4th St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
March 15, 1861.–6mo.

NEW GOODS,
JUST ARRIVED AT
MRS. S. E. POTTS'.
A large assortment of
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
FALL & WINTER GOODS,
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
FANCY DRESS GOODS
of all kinds, handsome winter silks, French merinoes, all wool delaines,
BONNETS & RIBBONS,
BONNETS & RIBBONS
Flowers, Ruches, bonnet velvets—new style, handsome cloaks,
FUR CAPES,
FUR CAPES,
Also, a large assortment of victorines and muffs.
Nov. 2,'60.

ALLEGHENY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY,
RAINSBURG, Bedford Co., Pa.
REV. W. W. BRIM, A. M., Principal,
Miss A. L. BRIM, Preceptress,
Miss S. J. BRIM, Teacher on Piano Forte.
This institution, under the supervision of the above named persons, assisted by other competent Teachers, affords a full course in Mathematics Natural sciences, Languages, and Belles Lettres, in music, Painting, &c., it gives extended instruction. The Spring Term will commence on April 8 1861. Students admitted at any time. Habits of health, system, and promptness, views, moral, social, and domestic, are here made prominent objects of education. That the physical powers, as well as the mental, may be cultivated—Calisthenic exercises are necessary—here the Students meet each day for systematic physical exercise.
$22.50 Will pay for board, including furnished rooms, room rent, fuel and tuition in common English, per term of eleven weeks. Extras, at moderate charges, even less than heretofore, or than the circular calls for.
Students prepared for the highest class in college.
For Circulars, or particulars, address
W. W. BRIM.
Dec. 21, 1860. Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.

FRESH & GENUINE GARDEN SEEDS!
FRESH & GENUINE GARDEN SEEDS!
WM. HARTLEY HAS JUST RECEIVED
100 DOZEN PAPERS
100 DOZEN PAPERS
of Dreer's celebrated Fresh Philadelphia Garden Seeds,
EVERY PAPER WARRANTED
Peas and Beans by the quart, peck, or paper.
NO STORE TRASH KEPT, NOR SOLD.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
Letters of administration on the estate of Mrs. Rebecca Shimer, late of Union township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
JOSEPH IMLER,
Feb, 8, 1861. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Francis McGirr, late of Juniata Township, Bedford county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber by the Register of Bedford County, all persons having claims against said estate, are hereby notified to present the same properly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment.
OWEN McGIRR,
Administrator.
Feb. 15th, '61. Bedford Township.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration having been granted to the subscriber upon the estate of Sidney R. Whitfield, late of E. Providence tp., dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them for settlement.
JOHN W. SAMS,
[mar. 8.] Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration having been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of Geo. Ritchey, late of Union Township dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement. LEVI RITCHEY,
March 8, 1861. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of Isaac Grove, late of Monroe Township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JESSE GROVE, West Providence,
JOHN L. GROVE Monroe,
March 8. 1861. Administrators.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
Letters of Administration on the Estate of Eliza Colvin, late of the Borough of Schellsburg, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, living in said Borough, all persons indebted to said Estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
GEORGE M. COLVIN,
March 15, 1861. Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to report a distribution of the money which came to the hands of Samuel Carn, Esq., late deceased, as trustee to sell the real estate of Simon Claar, dec'd., and afterwards as guardian of the minor children of said Simon Claar, and now to be accounted for by O. E. Shannon, administrator, C. T. A., of said Samuel Carn, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Thursday, the 21st day of March, 1861, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when and where all persons interested are invited to attend.
JOHN P. REED,
March 8. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to report a distribution of the moneys in the hands of Solomon Williams, Adm'r. of the Estate of Levi Clark dec'd., to those entitled to the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday, the 22d day of March, 1861, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day when and where all parties interested can attend.
JNO. P. REED,
March 8. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—
A. C. James. vs. Wm. O'Neal } In Common Pleas of Bedford Co. No 17 Feb. T. 1861.
The undersigned, appointed to make distribution of money arising from sale of Real Estate of above Def'ts, find facts &c., will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, 28th of March, 1861 at the office of Cessna and Shannon, in the Borough of Bedford, at which time all interested can attend.
JOHN PALMER,
March 1st, '61. Auditor

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
The undersigned, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Bedford, to examine the exceptions, filed to the account of J. W. Lingenfelter, Committee of George Ow, a lunatic, and to report the facts will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Saturday, the 23d day of March, 1861. at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, when and where all parties interested can attend.
JNO. P. REED,
March 8. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—
The undersigned, appointed Auditor to make distribution of balance in hands of Job Mann, Administrator of Mrs. Sophia Morrison, dec'd., will attend to the duties of his appointment, on the 4th day of April, next, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, at which time all interested can attend.
R. D. BARCLAY,
March 8, 1861. Auditor.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.
Michael Wheeling vs. Julianna Wheeling. } Subpoena on Libel for Divorce.
The undersigned appointed Commissioner in the above case to take testimony, &c., will attend to the duties of the appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on the 5th day of April, next, at which time all desiring can attend.
R. D. BARCLAY,
March 8. Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—
Henry Earnest, vs. Hannah Earnest. } Subpoena on Libel for Divorce.
The undersigned, appointed commissioner to take testimony, &c., in the above case, will attend to his duties, on the 3d day of April, next, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, at which time all desiring can attend.
R. D. BARCLAY,
March 8. Commissioner.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been granted to the subscriber, residing in Greenfield Township, Blair County, on the will of John Snowberger, late of St. Clair Tp., Bedford County, dec'd.—That all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims thereon, will present the same duly authenticated for settlement.
ELIAS DELL,
Mar. 8th, '61. Ex'r. Jno. Snowberger dec'd.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—
Notice is hereby given, that Letters Testamentary, on the will of John Bowser, late of Colerain Township, Bedford County, have been granted by the Register of said County, to the subscriber.—All persons indebted to said estate, are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims thereon, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
MICHAEL HOLDERBAUM, Ex'r,.
Residing in Bedford Township.
March 1st, '61.

Iron City College
$35.00
Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the country. Upward of *TWELVE HUNDRED* young men from *TWENTY-EIGHT* different States, have been educated for business here within the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of
$2000.00 PER ANNUM,
immediately upon graduating, who knew nothing of accounts when they entered the College.
☞Ministers' sons half price. Students enter at any time, and review when they please, without extra charge.
For Catalogue of 86 pages, Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamps to the Principals,
JENKINS & SMITH,
Jan. 18, 1860. Pittsburg, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale, on the premises, on
SATURDAY 23d MARCH, NEXT,
the following described real estate:
Purpart "A," containing 55 acres 56 perches nett, being the one third part thereof, adjoining lands of Jacob Snider, Frederick Stoler and others.
Part "B," containing 47 acres and 128 perches, nett measure, adjoining lands of Sam'l. Burger, Jacob Working and others.
Purpart "C," containing 212 acres, nett measure, adjoining lands of D. Snowberger, Martin Miller and others, and
Purpart "D," containing 128 acres and 41 perches nett measure, adjoining lands of Fred. Stoler, A. Eversole and others: all situated in Middle Woodbury Township, Bedford County.
Being the Real estate of Dr. Wm. W. Reed, dec'd., lately appraised under proceedings in Partition.
TERMS: One third at confirmation of sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments without interest.
AARON REED,
Feb. 22d, '61. 4t. Executor.

NOTICE TO CONSTABLES AND OFFICERS OF ELECTIONS.
BY the Act of Assembly, approved June 21, 1839, (Pamph. Laws, p. 376,) it is provided:
Section 2. That officers and other persons, holding and conducting such elections for Aldermen and Justices of the Peace, shall make true returns of such elections, which shall be handed by the Constable to the Prothonotary of the proper county, to be filed in his office.—And the said Prothonotary shall forthwith send a certified copy of such return to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.
And by the Act of April 13, 1859, (Pamph. Laws, p. 594)
Section 1. That every person hereafter elected to the office of Justice of the Peace or Alderman, shall, within thirty days after the election, if he intends to accept said office, give notice thereof in writing, to the Prothonotary of the Common Pleas of the proper county, who shall immediately inform the Secretary of the Commonwealth of said acceptance; and no commission shall issue until the Secretary of the Commonwealth has received the notice aforesaid. S. H. TATE, Prot.

LOOKING GLASSES,
ENGRAVINGS,
PICTURE FRAMES,
OIL PAINTINGS,
The most extensive and elegant assortment at the very fowest rates.—Glasses in store of every description. *Mahogany* framed Glasses, for country sales. Print and Portrait frames, Window Cornices, Gilt *Mouldings*, etc. Estimates for furnishing Glasses to fill every space, by mail on application. Engravings for Grecian and Antique Paintings.—Catalogues gratis.
JAS. S. EARLE & SON,
816 Chestnut St., Phil'a.
May 18,'60.–1 yr.

GREAT BARGAINS!
GREAT BARGAINS!
GREAT BARGAINS!
Wishing to reduce our stock as low as possible by Spring, we will offer every description of
WINTER GOODS!
WINTER GOODS!
WINTER GOODS!
AT COST, FOR CASH.
AT COST, FOR CASH.
AT COST, FOR CASH.
Ready made Clothing at Half-Price.
☞CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.☜
A. B. CRAMER & CO.
Jan. 14, 1861.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—
By virtue of Sundry writs of Vend Exponas to me directed there will be sold at the Court House in the Borough of Bedford on Saturday the 23d day of March, 1861, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following described Real Estate to wit:
One tract of land containing 256 acres, more or less, about 75 acres cleared and under fence, with a large two story log dwelling house, and double log Barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of John Robison, John Cavender, and others, situate in Southampton Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of William May.
Shff's. office Bedford, March 1st, '61. JOHN J. CESSNA, Sheriff.

SELECT SCHOOL.
The undersigned hereby informs the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he will open a "SELECT SCHOOL," commencing Monday April 8th, and continue four months. A Normal Class will also be formed. Having himself passed through a full course in the State Normal, and employing none but efficient assistants, he feels warranted in insuring satisfaction. Pupils of all grades will be received. Teachers throughout the county may find it to their advantage to apply soon.—Terms moderate. Apply to
A. N. RAUB,
Principal of the "Bedford Union School."
March 8th, '61.

PUBLIC SALE
OF REAL ESTATE.
By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the subscriber, adm'r., of the estate of Melchior Fisher, dec'd, will sell at public sale on the premises in Harrison Township, on
SATURDAY, 23d MARCH NEXT,
the following real estate, viz: A tract of land situated in said Township late the property of said dec'd, adjoining lands of Richard Knuff's heirs and Peter Watson on the East, the subscriber on the West, Fred'k. Turner and Knuff's heirs on the North, and John M. Smith and Peter Wertz on the South, containing 97 acres and 148 perches nett measure. About seventy acres of the land are cleared and under cultivation, six acres of which are meadow—the residue is well timbered. The improvements are a log dwelling house, log stable and other out buildings,—there is also a number of fruit trees on the place, and water which never fails, convenient to the house. The land is on Dry Ridge, and runs within a few rods of the Turnpike.
The terms are—one third of the purchase money to remain in the land for the use of the widow, one third in hand at the confirmation of the sale and the other third in two equal annual payments without interest.
DAVID MILLER
March 1st, '61. Adm'r.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.
And for the speedy cure of the subjoined varieties of Disease:
Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.
OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.
J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age and remain ever gratefully. Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.
St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.
Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous attack of *Midsummer Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.
Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.
Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."
Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.
Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many forlorn-ate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."
Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."
Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.
NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.
DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.
I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Diseases*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to the administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.
Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.
Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.
INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.
DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. PHEAM.
Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."
Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.
A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.
Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia
Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease
This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has well the virtues that it did have when healing the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
B. F. Harry, Bedford; Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run; G. B. Amick, St. Clairsville; J. Breneman, Woodberry; Geo. Gardill, West End; J. E. Colvin, Schellsburg; and by dealers generally.
Oct. 12, 1860.

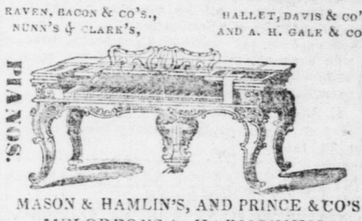
DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
DO YOU WANT WHISKERS?
DO YOU WANT A MOUSTACHE?
DO YOU WANT A MOUSTACHE?
BELLINGHAM'S CELEBRATED STIMULATING ONGUENT, FOR THE WHISKERS AND HAIR.
The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the Citizens of the United States, that they have obtained the agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated and world renowned article.
THE STIMULATING ONGUENT
Is prepared by DR. C. P. BELLINGHAM, an eminent physician of London, and is warranted to bring out a thick set of Whiskers or a Mustache, in from three to six weeks: This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.
It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp, it will cure baldness and cause to spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or towy hair dark, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth and flexible. The "Onguent" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.
The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.
Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers, or a box of the "Onguent" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it by mail (direct) securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, $1.18. Apply to or address
HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO.,
Druggists, &c., 24 William Street, N. Y.
March 8.

B. FRANK. JACKSON,
PRINTER AND STATIONER,
439 *CHESTNUT STREET,*
PHILADELPHIA.
May 18,'60.–1 yr.

DR. MOTT'S CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE PILLS OF IRON
AN APERIENT AND STOMACHIC PREPARATION of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest medical authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.
The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, depression of vital energy, pale and otherwise sickly complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case. Innoxious in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:
In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis, Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation, Whites, Chlorosis, Liver Complaint Chronic Headaches, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fever Pimples on the Face, &c.
In cases of *General Debility*, whether the result of acute disease or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved successful to an extent which no description can equal. Often attestation would render credible. Many, long bed-ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods, have suddenly reappeared in the busy world as if just returned from a distant land. Some few of the original instances of this kind are attested of female sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.
In *Nervous Affections* of all kinds, and for reason familiar to medical men, the operation of this preparation of Iron must necessarily be salutary, for, unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and over-heating: and gently regularly aperient, even in the most obstinate cases of costiveness, without ever being a gastric purgative, or inflicting a disagreeable sensation.
It is this latter property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for *Piles*, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.
In *Dyspepsia*, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most habitual cases.
In unchecked *Diarrhœa*, even when advanced to Dysentery, confirmed, emaciating and apparently malignant, the effects have been equall decisive and astonishing.
In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent hectic, which generally indicate *Incipient Consumption*, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.
In *Scrofulous Tuberculosis*, this medicated iron has had far more the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well-known liabilities.
The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this remedy and restorative, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.
In *Rheumatism*, both chronic and inflammatory, in the latter, however, more decidedly, it has been invariably well reported, both as alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.
In *Intermittent Fevers* it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.
No remedy has ever been discovered, in the whole history of medicine, which exerts such prompt happy and fully restorative effects. Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with an unusual disposition for active and cheerful exercise, immediately follow its use.
Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills price 50 cents per box; for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address, on receipt of the price.
All letters, orders, etc., should be addresse to
R. B Locke & Co., General Agents,
20 CEDAR STREET, N. Y.
July 20th, '60.

PHIL'A. ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. E. GOULD,
No. 632 Chestnut St., cor. of Seventh,
PHILADELPHIA
PIANOS AND MELODEONS.
RAVEN, BACON & CO'S., NUNN'S & CLARK'S, BALLET, DAVIS & CO'S., AND A. H. GALE & CO'S.



MASON & HAMLIN'S, AND PRINCE & CO'S.
MELODEONS & HARMONIUMS.
Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Second-hand Pianos.
May 18,'60.–1 yr.

J. P. HUBER,
(SUCCESSOR TO J. SORVER,)
—WHOLESALE DEALER IN—
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No 8 North Fifth St., above Market, Phil'a.
Also, Manufacturer and Importer of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.
May 18, 1860.–1 yr.

WILLIAM RAIGUEL, SAMUEL MOORE, WILLIAM G. SKILLMAN, JAMES M. WHITEY, EDWARD A. ADAMS, HENRY P. ATKINSON,
RAIGUEL, MOORE & CO.,
LATE, RAIGUEL AND CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
Nos. 220 & 222 North Third St., above Race, West side, PHILADELPHIA.
May 18,'60.–1 yr.

THE WORLD'S GREAT EXHIBITION PRIZE MEDAL, awarded to C. MEYER for his two PIANOS, London, October 15, 1851.

D. BORDER,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constantly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the best style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 185-

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

GRANVILLE STOKES'

GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

ONE PRICE AND NO ABATEMENT.

NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

GRANVILLE STOKES would return thanks to the public for their appreciation of his efforts to please, and their liberal patronage.

In order to keep up this kindly feeling, he has yielded to the solicitations of many of his friends and inaugurated a new system of Gifts with each Garment sold. To his choice selection of fine Fabrics, and made-up Clothing, he invites the scrutiny of the public, as well as to his new mode of doing business. Each article is warranted to be, in Fabric, Style and Make, equal to any gotten up in the City, and one price, (lower than the lowest,) marked on the Ticket.

Each article sold, or measured for, is accompanied by a Gift, varying in value from $1 to $100.

N. B.—None but the most skillful Designers, Cutters and Workmen employed; and satisfaction in Fit, Fashion, Fabric, Price and Gift, guaranteed at

GRANVILLE STOKES'

ONE PRICE GIFT CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

NO. 607 CHESTNUT STREET.

Nov. 18,'60.–6 ms.

BLAIR COUNTY NORMAL SCHOOL & SEMINARY, MARTINSBURG, BLAIR CO., PA

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B. } Principals.
J. W. DICKERSON, }

This institution will commence its first session with an able and experienced corps of instructors on Monday, Nov. 5th, 1860. No expense has been spared in making it thorough and complete in every department.

The school building is constructed and furnished upon the most approved modern plans, and is one of the best in the State. It contains a hall capable of seating 500 adults, with office, music rooms, sufficient for a school of 300 pupils.

The school is located in a region of country unexcelled for its beauty and healthfulness, and is surrounded by a moral and industrious community.

The distance to Cove Station, Huntingdon and Broad Top R. R. is six miles; to Hollidaysburg Station, Pa. R. R. 12 miles, with daily stages from the latter and tri-weekly from the former; thus making it easy of access from all parts of the country.

The objects of the school are:—

1st. The Professional Training of Teachers.

2nd. The thorough Education of young ladies and gentlemen in the English and Ornamental Branches.

3d. The preparation of Students for College.

The teaching Class will meet daily for lectures on the Theory and Practice of Teaching, recitation from a standard work on the subject, or discussion of Methods of Teaching by the class.

Students who desire to do so may prepare to enter the higher classes in college.

Ladies will have a separate boarding house and will be under the immediate supervision of an experienced Preceptress.

Instruction given in all the branches taught in the best Academies and Seminaries.

Whole expense, (exclusive of Ornamental branches,) for boarding, tuition, furnished rooms, room rent, and fuel, $118.00 a year.

For circular, with full particulars, address

E. J. OSBORNE, or J. W. DICKERSON,

or J. C. EVERHART, Martinsburg, Blair co., Pa.

Oct. 12, 1860.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

CHAMBERSBURG & LATROBE, via BEDFORD.

A new and splendid line of Concord built Coaches, leaves Chambersburg daily (Sunday excepted) at 7 A. M., and arrives in Bedford at 7 P. M, same day. Leaves Bedford daily, (Sundays excepted) at 7 A. M., for Latrobe, making close connection with Mail train for Pittsburg and the West. Returning, leaves Latrobe daily (Sundays excepted) on the arrival of the train from Pittsburg, at 9 30, A. M., and arrives in Bedford same evening. Passengers wishing to go East, take the coach next morning at 7 A. M., and arrive at Chambersburg same evening at 7 P. M.

RATES OF FARE:—From Bedford to Chambersburg, $4 50. From Bedford to Latrobe, $3 50. From Bedford to Pittsburg, $4.25.

The stock on this road cannot be surpassed by any in the State, and the drivers are careful, sober and accommodating. This is the cheapest, most expeditious and pleasant route passengers can take, going East or West. For further information apply to James Reamer, Chambersburg, John Hafer, Bedford, Chas. W. Fisher, Latrobe.

A. J. REESIDE, Contractor.

N. B. Passengers for Somerset and Johnstown, connect at Stoystown with J. A. Garman's Line of Mail Coaches, also, at Jenner X Roads with E. Kierman's mail line.

Sept. 7, 1860.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby notified, not to interfere with, molest, or disturb, remove or take away one grey mare, harness, and wagon, a bagatelle table, and apparatus for manufacturing Mineral water, the bottles, boxes, barrels, machinery, tools and instruments, and every thing thereto belonging, now in the possession of John N. Munshower, in the Borough of Bedford. The above property belongs to me, and remains in his possession, by my consent and permission.

N. A. ELDER.

Mifflintown, Pa., Feb. 8th, '61.

STRAY BULL.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber residing in Hopewell tp., Bedford County, about the first day of November last, a red bull, with white face, both ears marked, supposed to be about 2 years and a half old. The owner is requested to prove his property and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.

Feb. 22d. SAMUEL DAVIS

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Alfred S. Over, late of South Woodberry township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber living in Middle Woodberry tp., all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CYRUS S. OVER,

Feb. 22d, '61.

SOMETHING NEW & USEFUL

CAN ALWAYS BE SEEN AT

HARTLEY'S.

Hartley has just received the finest assortment of Meat cutters and Stuffers ever brought to the county. He has a new article of cutter that excels all others, cheap and durable, also Butcher Knives by the hundred, Meat Saws, &c.,

PORTLAND KEROSENE OIL AND LAMPS

Brilliant, cheap and beautiful. Said to burn 2 hours for one cent, no smoke, no smell, no explosion, go to Hartley's and purchase before the prettiest are sold, and purchase a nice cheap light for the long winter nights.—Hartley also has

SPALDING'S LIQUID GLUE,

which should be in every house; it mends most everything.

HARDWARE BY THE TON,

Oil and Paints, of nearly every kind,
Iron, Nails and Glass,
Farm Implements and Machinery.
Satisfaction given to all reasonable persons.
Cash buyers wanted and favored.
Those who pay promptly and known to be reliable, may be credited 6 months.

Nov. 9, 1860.

UNION HOTEL.—BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he has leased the above named Hotel in the old and well known Globe building, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, and recently in the occupancy of Jonathan Horton, dec'd., where he will be happy to see his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call.—He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquor.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

Boarders taken by the day, week month and year.

JOSEPH ALSIP.

Bedford, Nov. 30, 1860.

ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
ROHRER'S
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.
PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.

ROHRER'S PRACTICAL CALCULATOR.—A Book of Plain Rules and Calculations for Business Operation, By Martin M. Rohrer, Practical Surveyor and Conveyancer. New Edition, Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

This work contains 204 pages, and upwards of 500 Rules and Examples, entirely and thoroughly practical, such as arise every day in the common pursuits of Business. It has already passed through a number of Editions in rapid succession, and is pronounced by all classes of business men to be the handiest book of reference, pertaining to calculations, that has ever been published.

Every example in the book is worked out in full and tated in a plain manner, so that when a parallel case arises, those referring to the work will find no difficulty in readily solving it; in a word the general arrangement of the Calculator is so simple, that any one who knows how to add, subtract, multiply, or divide, can easily solve any ordinary example that arises in business, or arrive at the result of any estimate required.

The chief aim of the author has been to eschew theory and philosophy in figures, aiming only at facts and simplicity, believing that business men care little about spending time in discussing the philosophy of rules or the science of figures, deeming it sufficient for their purpose to be able at a moment, by reference, to arrive at the true result. The calculator differs in this respect from all Arithmetics of the day, and kindred works—it is a key to practical business calculations—it is, in the hands of the business man, what the key to mathematical works is in the hands of the teacher in the school-room—it facilitates time and insures correctness.

THE WORK TREATS OF THE

Measurement of Land, of Lumber, of Brick and Brick work, of Stone and Stone Work, of Grain and Grain Bins, of Coal and Coal Bins, of Wood, of Solids, of Liquids, of Circular, of Square, or Irregular Vessels, of Cisterns and Vats, of Roofing, of Plasterers', Painters', Glaziers', Pavers', Plumbers', Paper Hangers', and Upholsters', Work. It treats of Currency and of Foreign and Domestic Exchange, of the Decimal System, of Reduction and its extended application to Business, of Simple and compound Interest, and their entire application to Business transactions, with the laws and usages governing and regulating the same, together with numerous Commercial Forms—of Legal Tender, of Partial Payments on Notes, of Banking and Bank Discount, of Equation of Payments and Partnership Accounts, of Assessment of Taxes, of Weights and Measures, of Square and Cubic Measure, of the Square Root and its application to Business, of Surfaces, of Excavation, and of many other important practical matters not within the scope of an advertisement to mention.

☞Mailed (post paid) to any part of the United States upon receipt of the money. Price of a single Copy, in Cloth, 60 Cents, or two Copies for $1 00. Bound in Pocket-book form, Morocco, $1.66 per copy.

ADDRESS:

M. M. ROHRER,

Box 1911 Philadelphia P. O., Pa

30, 1860.–6ms.

CALL AND SEE!!

A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL!!!

Assortment of Coal Oil Lamps, of the latest styles, just received, and for sale cheap, at

H. C. REAMER'S Drug Store.

Nov. 16, 1860.

NORTHERN LIGHT!!!

THE CHEAPEST!!!!

And best light in use, can be had by buying Coal Oil, perfectly pure, inodious and free from smoke while burning, at $1.00 per gallon, at

H. C. REAMER'S Drug Store.

Nov. 16, 1860.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

S. E. Cor. 11th & Market Sts.

PHILADELPHIA,

W. KANAGA, } PROPRIETORS.
W. McVEY, }

Fe. 3, 1860

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT Of Kerosene Lamps and Shades, just received at

Oct. 2, 1860. HARRY'S.

A LOT OF PURE MAPLE SUGAR, FOR SALE by

July 20,'60. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

MACCARONI, CHEESE, CRACKERS, CRYSTALIZED Fruit and Gum Candies for sale by

v20. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

THE SCIENCE OF EDUCATION AND ART OF TEACHING, by John Ogden A. M. at Dr. Harry's

BROAD TOP RAIL ROAD!

Arrangements have been effected between the PENNSYLVANIA R. R. CO. and HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP R. R. CO., by which Freights are transported at the following low rates; From Hopewell to Philadelphia, Flour, 62½ cents per barrel. Grain, 31 cents per 100 lbs. Merchandize Westward, From Philadelphia to Hopewell, per 100 lbs., 1st Class, 75 cents. 2d class, 60 cts. 3d class 50 cents. 4th class. 35 cents. Salt and Plaster, 30 cents.

Freights Westward are received at the Pennsylvania Railroad Station, 13th and Market Streets, Philadelphia, and forwarded daily.

Freights Eastward are received at the Hopewel station of Broadtop R. R., and forwarded daily.

S. B. KINGSTON, JR., Freight agent, Pen'na. R. R. Co., Phil'a.

S. S. FLUCK, Freight Agent, H. & B. T. R. R., Hopewell Station.

Riddlesburg Coal, Fine and Lump, always on hand and for sale.

S. S. FLUCK.

Sept. 7, 1860.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.

FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Aschom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-car, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves or churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best Eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASCHOM.

Nov. 11, 1859

JUDSON'S

Mountain Herb Pills.

ABOVE, we present you with a perfect likeness of Tezuco, a chief of a tribe of the strange Aztec Nation, that once ruled Mexico. You will find a full account of him and his people in our Pamphlets and Almanacs—to be had gratis, from the Agents for these Pills.

The Inventor and Manufacturer of "Judson's Mountain Herb Pills," has spent the greater part of his life in traveling, having visited nearly every country in the world. He spent over six years among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains and of Mexico, and it was thus that the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS", were discovered. A very interestin account of his adventures there, you will find in our Almanac and Pamphlet.

It is an established fact, that all diseases arise from

IMPURE BLOOD!

The blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mixed with it, it is at once distributed to every organ of the body. Every nerve feels the poison, and all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver ceases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feeble. The lungs become clogged with the poisonous matter; hence, a cough—and all from a slight impurity at the fountain-head of life—the Blood! As if you had thrown some earth, for instance, in a pure spring, from which ran a tiny rivulet, in a few minutes the whole course of the stream becomes disturbed and discolored. As quickly does impure blood fly to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstructed, and unless the obstruction is removed, the lamp of life soon dies out.

These pills not only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body; they are, therefore, unrivalled as a

CURE FOR BILIOUS DISEASES,

Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, &c. This *Anti-Bilious* Medicine expels from the blood the hidden seeds of disease, and renders all the fluids and secretions pure and fluent, clearing and reconciling the vital organs.

Pleasant indeed, is it to us, that we are able to place within your reach a medicine like the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS," that will pass directly to the afflicted parts, through the blood and fluids of the body, and cause the sufferer to brighten with the flush of beauty and health.

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Complaints:

Bowel Complaints,	*Debility,*	*Inward Weakness,*
Coughs,	*Fever and Ague,*	*Liver Complaints,*
Colds,	*Female Complaints,*	*Lowness of Spirits,*
Chest Diseases,	*Headaches,*	*Piles,*
Costiveness,	*Indigestion,*	*Stone and Gravel,*
Dyspepsia,	*Influenza,*	*Secondary Symptoms.*
Diarrhœa,	*Inflammation,*	
Dropsy,	* * * * * *	

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE!

Females who value health, should never be without these Pills. They purify the blood, remove obstructions of all kinds, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek.

☞ The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Tezucans, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "GREAT MEDICINE" of the Aztecs.

Observe.—*The Mountain Herb Pills are put up in a Beautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Retail at 25 cents per box. All genuine, have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & CO., on each box.*

B. L. JUDSON & Co.,

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

No. 50 Leonard Street,

NEW YORK.

☞ FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS. ☜

To be had at H. C. REAMER'S Drug and Book Store, Bedford, Pa.

Jan. 11, 1860.–1y.

FOR SALE OR TRADE!

25 Tons of Plaster.

3 New Two horse wagons.

1 New set of Double Harness

The highest market price paid for wheat, rye corn, oats, and buckwheat.

Poor House Mill, }
Bedford, Nov. 16. } JOHN NEASON.

FOR SALE, OR TRADE,

A first-rate farm of limestone land, in Morrison's Cove, containing about 131 acres, 100 of which are cleared and balance well timbered. The farm is well watered. The improvements are a good two story Frame House, Log House, Barn, &c. There is a good orchard upon the premises. The farm adjoins Bloomfield Furnace, lies half a mile from the Hollidaysburg Turnpike, and four miles from Martinsburg. There is a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce, and the land is in a high state of cultivation. For particulars inquire of David Daniel, in possession, or George Cleugh, at Spang's

—ALSO—

A Grist-mill property in Harman's Bottom, now owned by Lewis N. Fyan. The mill is a large frame with two overshot wheels and four run of stone; in good order, and in a good settlement, with a sufficient supply of water. The farm contains nearly 400 acres; about 100 aliuvial soil, and cleared; and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a large brick house, tenant house, miller's house, barn, distillery, &c. The farm can be divided without disadvantage. Terms reasonable.

—ALSO—

A tract of land in St. Clair tp., containing 93 acres, or thereabouts, about 55 acres cleared, with a two story log dwelling house, tenant-house and two log stables thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Wm. Keefe, Jacob Semler and others; formerly the property of George Kimberlin.

—ALSO—

a Farm of 166 acres, about 100 cleared, with Double Log House, New Bank Barn, and two good orchards thereon, lying on the Juniata River, two miles from Stonerstown, and half a mile from the rail road. This farm is composed of a good quality of river bottom land, 30 or 40 acres of which can be put into good meadow. The whole is now in a good state of cultivation.

—ALSO—

A farm of 118 acres of limestone land in Liberty Township near Stonerstown, known as the "John Stoler property," adjoining lands of 'Squire Kensinger, Stoler and others. The improvements are a Log House, Log Barn &c. There is good water on the premises, also an orchard of good fruit.

—ALSO—

A new two-story Rough-cast House and two lots of ground in Broadtop city.

—ALSO—

160 acres of the best quality of land in Harrison county, Iowa, near the Missouri, and close to the county seat.

—ALSO—

A Lot of ground in Omaha city, Nebraska.

—ALSO—

100 acres of land, in Southampton Township, Bedford county, lately owned by Wm. Lashley.

TERMS to suit buyers.

O. E. SHANNON,

Jan. 27, 1860 Bedford, Pa

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The late firm of J. REED & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent, and the books of the firm of Reed & Minnich have been left in the hands of their attorney J. P. Reed, and those of Jacob Reed, for settlement and collection; and all persons concerned desiring to save costs must call immediately and make settlement, as but little delay will be afforded.

JACOB REED

Will now continue the business on the CASH AND PRODUCE SYSTEM. He will do business on the SQUARE, so that he can sell goods at a CHEAPER RATE than ever; he does not wish to charge CASH and PROMPT customers with the losses occasioned by non-paying customers—therefore, Cash or Produce will govern his trade. He invites his friends and customers to call and examine his splendid NEW GOODS; they will be shown with pleasure and disposed of at very light profits. Just opening and on hand

DRY GOODS, HATS, CAPS,
CLOTHING, SHOES,
QUEENSWARE,
GROCERIES,

And all goods kept in a general store.

LADIES can here find all they want for dress or comfort.

GENTLEMEN need seek no further for their essentials.

Come and examine for yourselves, a ready welcome awaits you.

Nov. 9, 1860.

MORE NEW AND CHEAP GOODS AT

A. B. CRAMER & CO'S.,

BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned have just received a large and general assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Our present stock is very complete, and we respectfully invite our friends and customers to call and

EXAMINE THE PRICES,
EXAMINE THE PRICES.

Cash or prompt six month buyers may expect, and will be offered,

GREATER BARGAINS,
GREATER BARGAINS,

than ever offered before. All kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED,
COUNTRY PRODUCE WANTED.

Oct. 26, 1860.

OSTER & CARN

NEW WINTER GOODS,
AT THE CHEAP STORE
OF
OSTER & CARN,
BEDFORD, PA.,

Just received a handsome line of new and fashionable

DRESS GOOD,

Shawls, Prints, Ginghams,
Sacking flannels in all colors,
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
Satinetts, Jeans, Ready-made
Vests, Business and Over-Coats,
Hosiery, Gloves, Boots, Shoes,
Hats, Caps, Glass, China and
Queensware, Groceries, Spices, &c.,
And everything NEW AND CHEAP.—

Being determined to adhere to the system of "QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS," we believe it will be to the interest of all to EXAMINE our Stock, before purchasing.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

Oct. 26,'60.

OSTER & CARN

TO BUILDERS.—The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths.—Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford county, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

FOR RENT.—The subscriber offers for rent the Store Room known as the "Kerns Stand," immediately opposite the store of N. Lyons & Sons, and lately occupied by J. & J. M. Shoemaker.—ALSO—the Dwelling House at present in the occupancy of W. M. Hall, Esq. Application should be made soon.

F. C. REAMER.

Dec. 21st.

MRS. HALE'S RECEIPTS for the million, at Dr. Harry's.

DRUGS AND BOOKS

H. C. REAMER,

Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.

the Stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C Reamer.)

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnish tine, Window Glass, Glassware

received, a large stock of American, French and English perfumery. Also, a great variety of fine Soaps for toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonic's Hair Dyes, that will color various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.

—ALSO—

Have and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Coal Oil, Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most modern and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.

Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use, will keep a full supply constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religious, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works, in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery Cap, Note, Post, and Wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes and Receipts.

☞Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.

☞Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.

Dec. 16, 1859.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS, APPLE MILLS, COOKING, TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND

Sleigh soles, wash kettles of different sizes, wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

☞PLOUGHS.—WOODCOCK, SEYLER, and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the emergencies of the times, we will

Sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb 25,'60-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

MENGEL HOUSE,

JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render beauty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.

He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Springs, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.

Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.

Boarders will be received on favorable terms.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

Bedford, April 20, 1860.

CONFECTIONARY AND GROCERY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles:—

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tartar, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

June 17,'59.–1y.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, BEDFORD, PA.

MRS. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased, for a term of years, the large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOUSE," and lately kept by MRS. COOK. This house is being thoughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and comfortable temporary home.—Every attention will be paid to the comfort and accommodation of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges moderate.

Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance. Special attention will be paid to the accomodation of the farming community.

March 30th, 1860.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Florence Kramer use of John Cessna, Esq., Bryan Gardner & Co. Alexander Reynolds vs. Henry S. King } In the Common Pleas of Bedford co. No. 208 April T. 1860 Plu. Levari Facias No. 18 Feb'y, T 1861.

The undersigned appointed Auditor, to make distribution of money arising from sale of Real Estate of above Def't., find facts &c. will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday 29th of March 1861, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, at which time all interested can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY,

March 1st, '61. Auditor.

NOTICE.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he will commence a school term of four months, on Monday, April 8th. By request he will form a Normal Class, and offers superior inducements to those who are qualifying themselves for the business of teaching. Terms moderate and will be given on application to him.

CHA'S. W. GREENE.

March 1st, '61. 3t.

H. BANCROFT & CO.,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FRENCH, GERMAN AND ENGLISH FANCY GOODS,

No. 330 Market Street, Philadelphia.

May 18,'60.–1 yr.

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

JACOB REED. G. W. RUPP, J. SCHELL.

REED, RUPP & SCHELL,

BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

Hon. Job Mann,	Bedford,	Pa.
" John Cessna,	"	"
John Mower,	"	"
R. Forward,	Somerset,	"
Runn, Raiguel & Co.,	Phil	"
J. Watt & Co.,	Pittsbur	"
J. W. Curley, & Co.,		"

CESSNA & SHANNON—HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN P. REED—ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1. 1859.

O. H GAITHER—ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Pitt street, two doors east of the Gazette office. He will also attend to any surveying business that may be entrusted to him. [Nov. 4, '59.]

JOHN BORDER—GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN—COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notifiy the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.–tf.

MANN & SPANG—ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN
Aug. 1, 1859. G. H. SPANG.

J. W. LINGENFELTER—ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND LAND SURVEYOR.

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞Office three doors North of the "Inquirer" Office.

DR. B. F. HARRY—RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

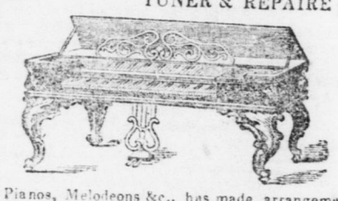
Aug. 1, 1859.

DR. F. C. REAMER—RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Aug. 1, 1859.

H. L. GODBOLD,

TUNER & REPAIRER



of Pianos, Melodeons &c., has made arrangements to visit this place regularly at stated periods. The next visit will be in October. Yearly contracts made. Price for tuning $2.00. First class pianos for sale. Orders to be left at the "Gazette" office. H. L. G. has permission to refer to the following persons for whom he has tuned:

Hon. A. King, Hon. S. L. Russell, John Mower, Esq., O. E. Shannon, Esq., Dr. W. H. Watson, Rev. S. Barnes, Mrs. Freytet.

June 29,'60.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE.

Three tracts of very choice farm land, containing 160 acres in each tract, situate on the Illinois Centra R. R. in Champaign co., State of Illinois, 8 miles from the city of Urbana, and 1 mile from Rantual Station on said road. Two of the tracts adjoin, and one of them has a never failing pond of water. The city of Urbana contains a population of 3000. Champaign is the greatest wheat growing country in the State.

Address, F. C. REAMER,

Bedford, Pa.

WINCHESTER & CO.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE.

—AND—

PATENT SHOULDER SEAM SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

No. 706 CHESTNUT Street,

Above Seventh, opposite the Washington House,

Fine Shirts and Drawers made from measurement at a few days notice and in all cases Warranted to fit. Formula for measurement furnished on application by mail. LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS TO WHOLE SALE BUYERS.

May 18,'60.–1 yr.

FALL TRADE NOTICE.

BUNN, RAIGUEL & CO.,

No. 137 North Third Street,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF FANCY DRY GOODS,

Invite the attention of Purchasers to their extensive Stock of Fancy Dry Goods, Silks, Embroideries, Cloths, Cassimeres &c.

May 18,'60.–

OSWEGO CORN STARCH, the best article, Dr. Harry's.

ESSENCE OF COFFEE, at Dr. Harry's.

Dec. 14t,